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The Yolo Democrat.

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The Yolo Democrat.

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WM. SAUNDERS,

Editor and Proprietor.

Office—Freeman's Block, cor. 1st and Main Sts.

TERMS:

One copy, one year.....$4 00
" six months.....2 00
" three months.....1 00

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☞ All transient advertisements must be paid for in advance.

Dr. M. G. Kellogg,

HYGIENIC

PHYSICIAN AND ACCOUCHER,

Graduate of the Hygio-Theraputic College, N.Y.,

Offers his professional services to the afflicted of Woodland and vicinity. The Doctor has had a number of years' experience in connection with several of the best Water-Cure establishments in America, and in private practice, and is thoroughly acquainted with the art of

Curing the Sick without the use of Medicines!

The remedies he uses are the Bath, in all its varieties, Fomentations, Compresses, Diet, Ventilation, Electricity, Swedish Movements, Exercise, Rest, Etc., Etc.

Patients treated at their homes, or, if so desired, Rooms and Nurses will be provided at reasonable rates; (in the last case Patients must apply by letter, or otherwise, a few days before coming).

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE,

In Masonic Block,

Main street, near Third, where the Doctor can be found at all hours of the day or night, except when away on professional calls.

ja31-tf

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY,

AND FANCY GOODS,

SCHOOL BOOKS, MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,

Stationery and Musical Instruments, Etc.

AT THE ESTABLISHMENT OF

G. W. GREENE,

MAIN STREET,

COLLEGE BLOCK, WOODLAND,

Is the place to find an assortment in the above lines. An inspection of my stock is respectfully requested.

Besides a large stock of Watches, Clocks, Gold, Silver and Plated Ware, Musical Instruments, Lamps, Toys and Fancy Goods, I have all the Public School, College and Text Books required; also Religious and Miscellaneous Works, Music, Books, etc.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired in a satisfactory manner and on short notice.

m5-3m

Independent xpress and

ACCOMMODATION TO

LANGVILLE,

VIA COTTONWOOD.

We have established an Independent Express and Accommodation Line to Langville, at the mouth of Capay Valley, via Cottonwood, for the benefit of the traveling public, running one conveyance daily (Sunday excepted), as follows:

Leaves Woodland every morning at 7 o'clock. Returning, leaves Langville at 12:15 P.M., arriving at Woodland at 3 P.M., making connection with the 3½ P.M. train for the south.

OFFICES, at the City Livery Stable, Woodland; at Levy's Store, at Langville, and at the Post office at Cottonwood, where all orders left will be promptly attended to.

JAMES McHENRY, Prop'r.

Woodland, April 23d, 1874. ja24-3m

H. C. KIRK & CO.,

Wholesale Druggists

—AND—

IMPORTERS,

SACRAMENTO,

Agents for Carbolic Sheep Dip,

The best in use,

AYER'S, JAYNE'S AND RADWAY'S Medicines,

STEELE'S MEDICAL WONDER,

Importers of Teeth and Dental Stock.

☞ Prices as low as any house in the State for reliable goods. ja1-3m

BROOKLYN HOTEL,

BUSH STREET,

BETWEEN MONTGOMERY AND SANSOME,

Adjoining the New Mercantile Library,

SAN FRANCISCO.

TERMS: $2 PER DAY.

KELLY & ANDREWS,

PROPRIETORS.

The Coach, plainly marked "BROOKLYN HOTEL," will be at the Railroad Depots and Steamboat Landings, to convey guests to the Hotel, free of charge. ja24-3m

EL DORADO

LIVERY STABLES!

POCKMAN & BRO.,

(*Successors to Hubbard & Sill*)

Have become the Proprietors of these celebrated Livery, Sale and Boarding Stables, and are prepared to furnish on short notice any kind of turn-out desired—Saddle Horses, Single or Double Buggies, Carriages or Barouches, and will furnish drivers if desired.

Horses Boarded by the day, week or month.

ja17-3m POCKMAN & BRO., Prop'rs.

O'BRIEN'S

SALOON and RESTAURANT,

CACHEVILLE,

BLIND AUGUST, Proprietor.

MEALS, Twenty-five cents, furnished at all hours; also, the best

WINES, LIQUORS

AND CIGARS. fe12-3m

DR. GEORGE H. JACKSON,

SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN,

OFFICE—Over Bank of Woodland, corner of Main and First streets.

RESIDENCE—Second street, between Lincoln and Oak avenues. mh12-3m

THOMAS ROSS, M.D.C.M.,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR,

Graduate of McGill University, Montreal, Member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario. Office, over Nickleburg's store. Residence, Front street, immediately west of College Chapel. mh12

M. GARDNER, M.D.C.M.,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, Etc.,

Graduate of McGill University, Montreal; is permanently located at Davisville, Cal., and will respond to calls promptly. mh12

DR. E. A. GORDON,

KNIGHTS LANDING,

Offers his professional services to the citizens of that vicinity. Orders left at P. S. Glasscock's Drug Store will be promptly attended to. mh12-3m

ARMSTRONG & HINKSON,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

Office, Fifth street, between I and J, adjoining Sacramento Savings Bank,

mh12] SACRAMENTO. [3m

PRATHER & BROTHER,

DENTISTS,

Bank Building, corner Main and First streets, Woodland. mh5

F. E. BAKER,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT-LAW,

Office at Court House, Woodland.

mh6-3m

CREED HAYMOND,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,

Office over Gillig, Mott & Co's, No. 58 J street, Sacramento. Residence, Golden Eagle Hotel, fe19-3m

STERLING G. HARPER,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

Office in new brick building, next door west of the old Bank, Woodland, Cal. fe13-3m

W. R. HINKSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Fifth street, bet. I and J, Sacramento. In Office with Armstrong & Hinkson. fe13

DR. B. H. PEIRSON,

PHYSISICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office, corner College and Main streets, Woodland. Office hours, from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M. and from 7 to 9 P. M., unless professionally engaged. fe5-3m

LAMBERT & DEWITT,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

Practice in all the Courts of the State. Office, one door east of Express Office, up stairs.

ja29-3m

L. FRIEL,

COUNTY SURVEYOR.

OFFICE—In the Court House, Woodland, Yolo Co., Cal. Will attend promptly to surveying in all parts of the county. fe1-3m

J. C. BALL,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

AND COMMISSIONER IN BANKRUPTCY,

OFFICE—Over Freeman's Store, Cor. First and Main street, Woodland, Cal. ja17-3m

A. B. MERING, M.D.,

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE—Those formerly occupied by Dr. D. Ray. Orders left at the Drug store of Ruggles & Reindollar will be promptly attended to. ja17-3m

H. M. KIER, M.D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

OFFICE—Cacheville Cal., same as formerly occupied by Dr. Zimmerman. Calls promptly attended to. ja9-3m

FROST & BUSH,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

Bank Building, Woodland, Yolo County, Cal. Attend to all business of the profession. Particular attention given to Land cases, Conveyancing, Settlement of Estates of deceased persons, etc. ja10-3m

BANK OF WOODLAND.

WOODLAND, CAL.

Capital Stock $500,000.

J. D. STEPHENS.....PRESIDENT.
F. S. FREEMAN...VICE PRESIDENT.
C. W. BUSH.....CASHIER.

Money Loaned on Real Estate, Personal or Collateral Security.

Discount days, Tuesdays and Fridays.

Exchange Furnished on Sacramento, San Francisco, and Eastern and European Cities.

Collections promptly attended to at all available points.

☞ County Warrants purchased, and Greenbacks and all kinds of Government Securities bought and sold. Papers, and all kinds of valuables, securely kept, free of charge.

Also, Three Ranches and Three Town Lots in Woodland for sale at reasonable rates. mh5

TO THE LADIES!

Dress & Cloak-Making!

MISS F. A. FRESE,

Late of Sacramento, has taken up her residence in Woodland, on

THIRD ST., BET. MAIN AND COURT,

And will give her especial attention to the business of

Dress and Cloak-Making!

Having had several years' experience in Sacramento, and conducted this business upon scientific principles, giving entire satisfaction to the ladies of that city, Miss Frese hopes to meet with the same success in Woodland.

Cutting done by the Paris Tailor system—acknowledged to be the best.

Ladies, please give me a trial. ja8-3m

PALACE

RESTAURANT.

This new establishment is now in full blast in Hall's Block, nearly opposite the College, Main street, Woodland, having just been thoroughly renovated and fitted up with separate booths in modern city style.

The Table

Will be supplied with the best the market affords—everything in season—game, fish, fruits, etc., etc., under the personal supervision of the proprietor.

Furnished Rooms

For boarders and travelers, fitted up in a comfortable and tasty manner.

The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. Charges reasonable.

de25-3m MRS. DAVIDSON, Proprietor

Radical Platform for 1876.

The New York *Sun* outlines the Radical platform for 1876 as follows:

The Republican party as represented by an enormous majority in both Houses of the Forty-third Congress, and illustrated in the acts of its last session, points with pride to its past record, and rejoices in the following declaration of its present principles:

I. Third-term now, and Presidency for life hereafter.

II. Government by the bayonet, suspension of *habeas corpus* at discretion, and drum-head courts-martial, are the true elements of political strength.

III. Specie payments in 1879 without coin.

IV. Civil Rights mean the white man has no rights which the black man is bound to respect.

V. More taxes, more debt, and more expenditures the true road to permanent prosperity.

VI. Subsidies, special tariffs, Credit Mobilier, Texan-Pacific, back-pay grabs railroad grants, and all sorts of monopolies, blaze the pathway of Republican legislation.

VII. Nepotism is obedience to scriptural authority, and a blessing to the reigning family.

VIII. Negro supremacy in the South to advance Christian civilization.

IX. Opposition Legislatures ought to be suppressed by Federal troops as dangerous to Grantism.

X. Returning Boards are more potent than elections, and should be appointed by the President.

XI. The people have no right to complain when the Administration is content.

XII. A large standing army and powerful appropriations for the navy are indispensable to a republic, and to hosts of magnificent officers seeking commands.

XIII. Opponents of the third-term, critics of the President, champions of the Constitution, economists, and the toiling masses who grumble because they are poor, must be classed as banditti, and punished accordingly.

XIV. Centralized government is national strength, and State Governments should be abolished except as dependencies.

XV. Present salaries are insufficient to maintain the dignity of office, and ought to be doubled immediately, with back-pay at the pleasure of the official.

XVI. Carpet-baggers and office-holders are abused patriots who have suffered for their country, and merit its grateful recognition.

XVII. Investigations by Congress intended to expose corruption and jobbery, and to damage the Republican party, cannot be too sternly condemned for trenching on private rights.

XIII. The President is the recognized head of the Government, to whom Congress and the Courts owe obedience.

XIX. The newspaper is a nuisance. A censor to restrain carping utterances and a severer law to condemn offending editors are demanded forthwith.

XX. "Rings" are self-sacrificing organizations, intended to promote the public welfare, to shape legislation wisely, to stimulate enterprise, to aid commerce, to build railroads, and to place appropriations where they will do most good.

XXI. A constitutional amendment is recommended making Long Branch the Summer capital of the nation, with liberal allowances for the President and his household during Gen. Grant's life.

EX-CONFEDERATES.—Hayes, a Republican Congressman of Alabama, was a Confederate general; James L. Alcorn, Republican Senator from Mississippi, was a Confederate general; Charles Pelham, a Republican Congressman from Alabama, was a gallant Confederate; David F. Lewis, the Republican Governor of Alabama, was an original secessionist and a Confederate soldier; Alexander White, of Alabama, a rampant Republican, was a Confederate; McKinstry, Republican candidate for Lieutenant Governor of Alabama, was a Confederate soldier in General Forrest's command during the war; Governor Parsons, President of the "Outrage" Convention at Chattanooga, was a Confederate in feeling and in sentiment from principle; R. A. Whitely, member of Congress from Georgia, a Republican, was the first to enter the Confederate services and never surrendered until April, 1865; Wm. A. Smith, Republican member from North Carolina, was a Confederate; Longstreet, one of Grant's right-hand Republican bowers, was a Confederate general; Mosby, of Virginia, Poole, Settle and Holden, of North Carolina, Eagan, of Arkansas, Boulds Barber, of Texas, and many others, were Confederates during the war, and are now Republicans, and the Wilmington (N. C.) *Journal* says: "Look at our State, and see who are the natives who have held office among are Republicans. Governors Holden and Brogden, Judges Rodman, Settle and Clark, Senator Pool, Congressmen Thomas and Smith, United States Attorneys Badger and Erwin, and a list of men of less note, were either blatant secessionists or held leading and important positions, State or Confederate, during the war. Cantwell, the present leader of the Radicals in the Senate, was the first man in North Carolina to wear the secession cockade, and served with credit throughout the war in leading and responsible positions in the field."

THE NEW GOVERNOR.—Governor Pacheco is a native of Santa Barbara, forty-four years of age, and is the first native of this State to hold the position of Governor under the American regime. He is a nephew of Mrs. Gen. Vallejo. To his mother was granted the Guilucous rancho, in this county. After the death of her first husband, Mrs. Pacheco married Don Juan Wilson, an Englishman, to whom the Mexican authorities made a large grant, known as the Osos, near the town of San Luis Obispo. "Don Juan," as he was familiarly called, died at this place some years ago. He left a son, who was educted in England, a half brother of Gov. Pacheco. This young man visited this country a short time before his father's death, but his English education had unfitted him for life in the far west, and he soon returned to the home of his adoption, where he has since remained. Sir George Simpson, who visited this coast in 1840, met Mrs. Wilson in Santa Barbara, at that time a center of decided English influence, and speaks of her as a lady whose elegant manners would have graced any court in Europe.—*Sonoma Democrat.*

Four Babies.

[From the Baltimore Sun, Feburary 22d.]

The four little babies, children of one birth, belonging to the happy little father, John Hahn, of 119 Low Street, have become the town talk everywhere and a great deal of interest has been manifested in their welfare, to give them a chance to grow. Notwithstanding the inconvenient locality of their birth, and the pent-up surroundings of their cradle, there has been an almost continuous rush to see them. At times during yesterday the little room in which they lay was crowded almost to suffocation with ladies, while the narrow stairs were crowded and the pavement outside thronged with others awaiting their turn. The babies were neatly dressed, having ribbon of different colors, and tags with their names as they were christened, Sarah, Mary, Kate and Jennie, to distinguish one from the other.

It is feared that the atmosphere of a small, crowded room and the surrounding excitement will not be good for them, but the people will come, and really it is not to be wondered that curiosity is aroused over such a remarkable freak of nature. All the children are plump and fully developed. They have amply demonstrated their lung powers, and seem to have as good a prospect for life as any other children born in their condition, better, indeed, when the sympathy is considered that their appearance altogether has awakened. One of the children seems to be a trifle more delicate than the three others. Miss Sarah seemed to be more generally inquired for than her sisters on account of the notoriety she had obtained for being a cry baby.

All who were admitted to see the babies paid something into the hands of a young man stationed to receive contributions to the baby fund. Several hundred ladies and some men visited the house during the day, nearly all of them paying at least 25 cents admission, and some voluntarily giving a large sum. Among the visitors were persons from a distance. At least a dozen more physicians went to see for themselves, and to inquire of Mr. Hahn all about it. Indeed, the father seemed to be as much an object of curiosity as the babies. He is a small, neat, slim, intelligent man, not more than five feet tall. The mother is said to be a woman of large size, though she is of course secluded. Her physicians, however, report her to be doing well. The father remained up stairs in the room with the babies, guarding his brood from the too enthusiastic eagerness of the ladies in their manifestations toward "the little dears." He has his hands full "minding the babies," but Mrs. Hahn will soon come around all right again, and then he will be relieved. A nurse was in attendance helping the little fourfather.

Contributions for the babies were started at several of the hotels and in other public places yesterday. At Barnum's, $25 was raised up to last night. Considerable sums were also given at the Carrollton and the Eutaw House, at the bar of Ford's Grand Opera House, and at Kavanaugh's restaurant, on Eutaw street. The quartet has become so popular that the proprietors of much patronized restaurants and cigar stores have begun to discover that subscription lists for the babies are just "the thing." The proprietor of the cigar stand at Barnum's has the following placarded above a box in which money can be put:

"Four little babies all in a row,
Pay ten cents and let the babies grow."

COLD WINTERS.—In 401 the Black Sea was entirely frozen over. In 763 not only the Black Sea, but the Straits of Dardanelles, were frozen over; the snow in some places rose fifty feet high. In 822 the great rivers of Europe, the Danube, the Elbe, etc., were frozen so hard as to bear heavy wagons for a month. In 860 the Adriatic was frozen. In 991 everything was frozen, the crops totally failed, and famine and pestilence closed the year. In 1067 most of the travelers in Germany were frozen to death on the roads. In 1124 the Po was frozen from Cremona to the sea; the wine sacks were burst, and the trees split by the action of the frost, with immense noise. In 1236 the Danube was frozen to the bottom, and remained long in that state. In 1316 the crops wholly failed in Germany; wheat which some years before sold in England at six shillings the quarter, rose to two pounds. In 1303 the crops failed in Scotland, and such a famine ensued that the poor were reduced to feed on grass, and many perished miserably in the fields. The successive winters of 1432-3-4 were uncommonly severe. In 1368 the wine distributed to the soldiers was cut with hatchets. In 1683 it was excessively cold. Most of the bollies were killed. Coaches drove along the Thames, the ice of which was eleven inches thick. In 1700 occurred the cold winter; the frost penetrated the earth three yards into the ground. In 1716 booths were erected on the Thames. In 1744 and 1745 the strongest ale in England, exposed to the air, was covered in less than fifteen minutes with ice an eighth of an inch thick. In 1809 and again in 1812, the winters were remarkably cold. In 1814 there was a fair on the frozen Thames.

THE FORCE BILL,—WHO VOTED FOR IT.—Of 135 men who voted for this bill, the list telegraphed gives the names of 134, of whom only thirty-nine have been re-elected. Eight from Mississippi and California have yet to pass the ordeal. But eighty-seven—nearly two-thirds of the whole number—have already been defeated, disowned and discarded by the people. We give the list, and ask that it may be attentively examined by those who wish to know how the Republican party is being dragged into disgrace, if not into utter ruin, by its most worthless members. In the whole list there are but little more than a dozen men who haven't been a burden and a curse to their party. Some have been jobbers of the most notorious sort; some salary grabbers; some chronic and blatant advocates of the most oppressive monopolies, and others distinguished only for gross incompetence. Maynard, Orth and Ward, of those left at home, and Hurlburt, Lawrence and Monroe, of those re-elected, have done something to build up the party in their respective States. But nearly all of these 134 men are simply worthless to the party, or something much worse.—*St. Louis Democrat (Republican).*

The Civil Rights Bill.

We give below the full text of the Civil Rights bill as it passed Congress:

SECTION 1. That all persons within the jurisdiction of the United States shall be entitled to full and equal enjoyment of accommodations, advantages, facilities and privileges of inns, public conveyances on land or water, theaters, and other places of public amusement, subject only to conditions and limitations established by law, and applicable alike to citizens of every race and color, regardless of any previous condition of servitude.

SEC. 2. That any person who shall violate the foregoing section by denying to any citizen, except for reasons by the law applicable to citizens of every race or color, and regardless of any previous condition of servitude, the full enjoyment of any of the accommodations, advantages, facilities or privileges in said section enumerated, or by aiding or inciting such denial, shall, for every offense, forfeit and pay the sum of $500 to the person aggrieved thereby, to be recovered in action of debt, with full costs, and shall also, for every such offense, be deemed guilty of misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof be fined not less than $500 nor more than $1,000, or shall be imprisoned not less than thirty days nor more than one year; provided, that all persons may elect to sue for the penalty aforesaid or to proceed under the rights at common law, and by State statutes, and having so elected to proceed in the one mode or other, their right to proceed in other jurisdiction shall be barred; but this proviso shall not apply to criminal proceedings either under this act or the criminal law of any State; and provided further, that a judgment for the penalty in favor of the party aggrieved, or a judgment upon an indictment, shall be a bar to either prosecution upon any other.

SEC. 3. District and Circuit Courts of the United States shall have, exclusively of the Courts of the several States, cognizance of all crimes and offenses against and violations of the provisions of this Act, and actions for the penalty given by the preceding section may be prosecuted in Territorial, District or Circuit Courts of the United States, wherever the defendant may be found, without regard to the other party; and District Attorneys, Marshals and Deputy Marshals of the United States, and Commissioners appointed by the Circuit and Territorial Courts of the United States with powers of arresting and imprisoning or bailing offenders against the laws of the United States, are hereby especially authorized and required to institute proceedings against every person who shall violate the provisions of this Act, and cause him to be arrested or bailed, as the case may be, for trial before such Court of the United States or Territorial Court as by law has cognizance of the offense, except in respect to the right of action accruing to the person aggrieved, and such District Attorneys shall cause such proceedings to be prosecuted to their termination; provided that nothing contained in this section shall be construed to deny or defeat any right or civil action accruing to any person, whether by reason of this act or otherwise; and any District Attorney who shall willfully fail to institute and prosecute the proceedings herein referred to, shall, for every such offense, forfeit and pay the sum of $500 to the person aggrieved thereby, to be recovered by an action of debt, and shall, on conviction thereof, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and fined not less than $1,000 or more than $5,000; and provided further, that a judgment of the penalty in favor of the party aggrieved, against any such District Attorney, or a judgment upon an indictment against any such District Attorney, shall be a bar to either prosecution respectively.

SEC. 4. That no citizen possessing all other qualifications which are or may be prescribed by law, shall be disqualified for service as a grand or petit juror in any Court of the United States, on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude; and any officer or other person charged with the duty of selecting or summoning of jurors, who shall exclude or fail to summon any citizen for the cause aforesaid, shall, on conviction, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and be fined not more than $5,000.

SEC. 5. That all cases arising under the provisions of this act in the courts of the United States shall be reviewable by the Supreme Court of the United States without regard to the sum in controversy, under the same provisions and regulations as are now provided by law for review of other causes in said Court.

DO NOT EAT RAW EGGS.—One of the most common prejudices of housewives and mothers is that hard eggs are difficult to digest, especially the white, and that the less they are boiled the better they are for weak and dyspeptic stomachs. A medical journal of good authority, however, reverses the case and asserts that there is more danger of raw and soft white of an egg passing through the digestive apparatus without being really digested than when thoroughly boiled and hard; in fact, that a hard boiled egg constitutes a most excellent food for dyspeptics, as experience is proving. A writer in the *Medical Journal* says: "We have seen dyspeptics who suffered untold torments with almost every kind of food. No liquid could be taken without suffering, bread became a burning acid; meat and milk were solid and liquid fires. We have seen these same sufferers trying to avoid food and drink, and even going to the syringe for sustenance. And we have seen their torments pass away and their hunger relieved by living upon the white of eggs which had been boiled in bubbling water for thirty minutes. At the end of a week we have given the hard yolk of the egg with the white, and upon this diet alone, without fluid of any kind, we have seen them begin to gain flesh and strength, and refreshing sleep. After weeks of this treatment they have been able, with care, to begin upon other food." And all this the writer adds, without taking medicine. He says, what we also have always maintained, that hard boiled eggs are not half so bad as half-boiled ones, and ten times as easy to digest as raw eggs; and we have no doubt that an animal may be starved to death by eating only raw white of eggs, for the same reason that dogs have been starved to death by eating gelatin alone. Only toothless babies can digest soft food, such as milk.

The Equality Bill.

The Bastrop Texas *Advertiser*, after the passage of the Civil Rights Bill, so-called, by the Congressional House of Representatives, had the following:

The Senate passed the more obnoxious bill, known as Sumner's Equality Bill, and it will not refuse to ratify the action of the House in this matter. The bill is undoubtedly passed in pursuance of the President's policy of agitation, strife and discord in the South, and he will approve it before it has been in his hands an hour, or we greatly mistake the animus of his recent acts in Louisiana, Mississippi and Arkansas.

The plain purpose of the advocates of the social equality measure, is to excite and inflame the race prejudices of the people of the South, and bring about riots, bloodshed and anarchy, to the end that Grant may be furnished with a pretext for marching his soldiers into the Southern States, overturning their present Government and kukluxing the whole South into selecting him to the third term. The Radical party of which Grant is the head and exponent, is essentially a party of strife and discord. It was born of sectional hate and cradled in the storms of war. It is the embodiment of the meanest passions of the human heart, as typified in its Beast Butlers, Mortons, Sheridans, Chandlers and Hoars. Peace is fatal to its perpetuity; war is its vital breath. It hates all that is pure and holy, and like the Arch Fiend in Paradise, has gained the northern people, only to wreck their once happy state and destroy "the best Government the world ever saw." In its desperate attempt to preserve its vitality by kindling anew the fast dying passions of the people, it throws this firebrand into the South. It seeks to open afresh all the bleeding wounds of war. With hatred in its heart, vile and malignant as ever animated the breast of Satan, it defies alike the laws of God and man. With the constitution and one half of the country under its feet, it presses on toward the prize of its military leader and chieftain, the throne and scepter of America.

TREATMENT OF THE SICK.—The prejudices of most people against the hygienic system arise because of the simplicity of hygienic methods. We have been so long educated to depreciate and belittle the simple health instrumentalities of nature, and to misunderstand the nature of disease and overrate the dangers of certain conditions, that we find ourselves entirely unable to appreciate the adequacy of the means employed in hygienic practice, to the accomplishment of the ends sought. From childhood to old age we have had so constantly held up before our mental vision, in the nursery and in the school-room, in the home-circle and on the highways, often from the pulpit, and generally from the press, the idea that disease is a bad *something* in a man to be vanquished only by taking a worse and more powerful *something*, that it has become second-nature, as it were, for us to believe. Education being a part of ourselves, when it is false, we are falsely related to the truth, and so find it very difficult to comprehend it.

It is true that the hygienic methods are very simple when once understood; but it is also true that truth on any subject when understood is always quite simple. Complexity involves lack of power to comprehend; with God everything is simple and nothing complex, and with man complexity vanishes as his knowledge becomes more complete. Science renders everything simple; and in its simplicity lies its strength. So too in the simplicity of the hygienic methods lies their chief recommendation, just as simplicity of construction is a most desirable quality in any mechanical invention.—*Science of Health.*

A SINGULAR LEDGE.—The Colusa *Sun*, of March 6th says: There has been a company at work on the ledge near Fouts Springs, heretofore noticed by us as containing a kind of white metal supposed to be tin and which assays both gold and silver, and they have in running the tunnel found almost everything. They have good prospects of cinnabar, have found several small veins of coal, and the other day they came on a large deposit of shale so rich in oil that they were enabled to get twenty gallons of oil from a ton of it, and the shale burns as well as coal. The ledge is well defined for miles and is about one hundred and fifty feet wide, and a very large percentage of the entire mass is metal of some kind. Gold, silver, copper, tin, iron, lead, quicksilver, coal and oil have been found in it so far, and the company are now hunting for something else! The tunnel now being run in will strike the ledge about one hundred and fifty feet below the surface, and the last we heard from it they were within about twenty feet of the ledge.

A FLORAL ORNAMENT.—Since a little taste and ingenuity will convert a very ordinary room into a perfect bower, we never fail to throw out a hint on this subject for the benefit of our lady readers who are admirers of beautiful things. The following description of a floral ornament is a pleasing one: Take a goblet with the foot and stem broken or cut off, so that the bowl will be perfect; take coarse red flannel, the redder the better, stitch it neatly around the bowl, or goblet, so as to cover it completely outside; dip it in water, so as to wet well, and roll in flaxseed; the seed will stick in and on the flannel; be sure that the seed is distributed even, then stand it on its mouth, or large end, in a saucer or small plate; put water in the small plate or saucer, and renew or add to it as it absorbs. Never let the vessel get dry, nor suffer it to chill or freeze. It can and will grow in any part of the room, and will be a deep green with red ground.

TWICE AS MUCH.—Somebody has figured out the interesting fact that the total amount of State, county, city and town taxes collected in the United States in 1870 was $280,591,000, which was about $7 a head for the entire population. The total amount of these taxes collected in 1800 was $94,186,000, which was about $3 a head for the entire population. It cost, therefore, more than twice as much to take care of a man in his State, county and municipal relations in 1870 as it did ten years before. This does not include Federal taxation.—*Examiner.*

Johnny to His Pa.

His father has been to a distant city on a visit, but returned yesterday. A letter from Johnny brought him home two or three weeks sooner than the time originally fixed for his return. Thus ran the letter:

"DEAR DAD.—Nothing of considerable importance has transpurred since I last writ to yu. The same old just like it was about all that happins here enny more. Ma is not so very loansome, and she sed I needint rite to you to hurry back. She said it was her criston dewty to let yu enjoy yurself, an she was alwus glad to have yu go awa. This is what she told that preacher man, and he said he didint blame her. He comes here more often than he did. He an ma is reedin a story in a Cent Lewis paper which kums every night, an he brings it over and ma reed it. It ain't got no killing or injuns in it, and I kant get hed nur tale uv it. Its sumthing about Tilton an Moulton an Beecher, sume fellars which was offul good frens an tole lies on each other. Las nite ma axed him did he beleeve Beecher was gilty, an he sed he dint, but mussent let on, coz it wood hurt religon. Then she axed did he blame him, and he sed it was human to err. What he ment I don't no. Then ma sed she didn't blame the woman either if tha was both christions. She sed everybody ot to have a finity, and that yu wassent her finity. Then he sed to me if i wussent sleepy? and I sed no and he offered me five cents to be a good boy an say my prayers and go to bed. I sed nugh, I an't no five cent hairpin, so he laffed and gimme ten cents, an I went. Miss Spyser sed this morning was enybody sick to our howse last nite cos a lite was burnin so late, and ma sed she was settin up ritin to her deer good husban. This is awl fur the present. Yure feckshionate sun, JOHNNY.

Great Seal of the United States.

It is a curious fact, speaking of these former days, that the seal of the United States was devised by an Englishman, Sir John Prestwick, a baronet. At least this is declared to be. As soon as the Declaration of Independence was adopted a new seal became necessary for public papers. One was Moses with his rod dividing the Red Sea while Pharoah in his chariot was over-whelmed in the water. On the other side of the shield, containing in six compartments the symbols of the six countries from which the United States have been mainly peopled. Thus in one division there was a rose for England; in a second, a thistle for Scotland; in a third, a harp for Ireland; then a golden lily for France; a crowned lion for Holland, and black eagle for Germany. Another device was a representation of the Children of Israel in the Wilderness led by a cloud. A third represented Hercules resting on his club, while Virtue urged him up a rugged mountain path, and Sloth pointed to a flowery, I suppose, downhill road. This last advise was not very complimentary to the new nation, for it pointed at a possible danger from laziness. All these and a number of other suggestions did not meet with general approval. At last in 1782, after the matter had been discussed for about six years, John Adams, then in England, sent over the design suggested by this baronet, who it appears, was an antiquary. The main devise was an eagle with a shield on his breast holding in one talon an olive branch, and in the other a bundle of arrows, and bearing in his beak a scroll with the now familiar motto, *E Pluribus Unum*, one out of many. Without further parley this was adopted, and thus the seal of the United States came from England.

CONGRESSIONAL SCOUNDRELISM.—During the last hours of the Forty-third Congress the House of Representatives decided that Sypher, the carpet-bag Congressman who has held a seat as member from the First District of Louisiana, and whose pretended election was based on forgery and perjury, had no right to the place he had usurped, and that Mr. Effingham Lawrence had been legally elected. Then Mr. Lawrence was sworn, and took his seat for the remaining fourteen hours of the session. There is not a fact in relation to this case which has not been known to Congress, as well as to the country at large, from the day when the Forty-third Congress came together. Yet, with a full knowledge of the truth, Mr. Lawrence, who is one of the most respected and estimable citizens of Louisiana, has been deprived of the right to represent his constituents, while one of the most disreputable specimens of the carpet-bag species has been permitted to occupy his seat and to serve on important committees simply because the legally elected member was believed to be opposed to Grant's illegal interference in the affairs of Louisiana, while the carpet-bag imposter could be depended on to sustain any Administration measure. In view of these circumstances, if the tardy action of the House of Representatives in at last seating Mr. Lawrence is anything else than a death-bed confession of scoundrelism, we confess we are unable to see it.—*N. Y. Sun.*

DEATH OF THE OLDEST INHABITANT OF CALIFORNIA.—Justiniano Roxas, aged 122 years, died in Santa Cruz, March 11th. He was the oldest living inhabitant of California. For many years past he has been an object of great interest to people visiting this section. The age of Roxas is well authenticated by the records of the Mission Church in Santa Cruz. He was baptised by the Mission Fathers in the last century, and was at that time registered as an Indian 36 years of age. Some time ago his photograph was sent by Father Adam of this parish to Pope Pius IX as a likeness of the oldest Chatolic in America. Roxas long lived on the charity of the town, but of late years has been cared for by the Sisters of Charity. In his latter days he was almost hideous to look upon. He looked more like a living skeleton than any thing else. His eyes had sunk deep into their sockets and his hands had shriveled up until they resembled the claws of a hawk. For months he had slept on a hearth, keeping himself warm by a wood fire which he never allowed to become extinct. The Sisters carried him wood and fuel. This morning the fire place was found cold and dark for the first time in months, and the long, lingering spark of life had also fled from the venerable Indian.

The Yolo Democrat,

With Half-Sheet Supplement;

MAKING SIX PAGES EVERY WEEK.

Contains all County Official Advertisements.

WOODLAND, CAL:

Friday, March 19th, 1875.

ROACH FOR GOVERNOR.—The Spanish newspaper La Voz de Mejico hoists the name of Don Felipe A. Roach, for Governor.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY was celebrated by the sons of the Emerald Isle in Sacramento and San Francisco on the 17th with considerable enthusiasm.

THE DEMOCRACY MOVING. — The Democratic State Central Committee will meet in San Francisco on Thursday next, the 25th instant, at 1 P. M., when a full attendance is requested.

AN IMMENSE HOG.—Mr. D. P. Diggs informs us that Mr. I. F. Nason, who resides four miles north of this place, killed a hog the other day that weighed when dressed 740 pounds. His hogship was only 23 months old.

WHAT A LEGACY!—The Republican party, says the New York *World*, as it steps down and out from its sixteen years of rule in the House of Representatives, presents the country as its valedictory with a bill imposing $35,000,000 of additional taxes.

WILL HE HEED IT?—The House of Representatives, before adjournment instructed the President not to interfere further with Arkansas. The question now is, will he heed these instructions? It will be far better if he does so, but as to that a vast majority of the people have no confidence in him whatever.

TERRIBLE EARTAQUAKE.—An earthquake occurred on the 11th of February which shook terribly a large portion of Northern Mexico. The little town of San Cristobal was almost entirely destroyed and 70 dead bodies taken from the ruins. The center of disturbance appears to be in Volcana, in Ceboraco. The earthquake occurred at night, and the terror of the people was increased by darkness.

NEW MUSIC.—We have been favored by M. Gray, San Francisco, with the following new music, published by him: La Jolie Parfumeuse, a waltz, by J. Offenbach; The Valse Chaletante from Lecocq's popular opera; Belles of the Kitchen, Schottische, composed by W. M. Blythe; I Saw Thee Weep, song; composed by Emma Dahl; Mother O Sing me to Rest, by Emma Dahl; La Jolie Parfumeuse, quadrille, by Offenback; Da Fern, song, composed by John P. Morgan.

SUCCESSFUL ENGINEERING. —The great Sutro Tunnel had now reached shaft No. 2, a distance into the mountain of 8,800 feet. There was nearly a thousand feet of water in the shaft, and consequently it had to be approached with great care. A diamond drill was driven ahead for a distance of 98 feet and after the water was struck the drill rod was shot out as if from a cannon. The successful accomplishment of the work of striking the shaft so accurately, is considered a nice job of engineering.

CAPAY AND ELKHORN RAILROAD.—It begins now to look as though this road would surely be constructed. In conversing with the canvassers yesterday we ascertained that just about $90,000 had been subscribed and nearly enough more promised to make up the required amount of $100,000 to build the road through from Langville at the mouth of Capay Valley, to Elkhorn Landing on the Sacramento river. This is as it should be. It is for the interest of the west part of the county to have a railroad to the county seat as as well as to water navigation, and if this road is constructed it will accomplish both purposes.

ANYWHERE TO WIN.—Says the Sacramento busy *Bee*: "The *Yolo Mail* thinks the *Bee* erred in its political classification of Green and Hutton of Yolo; but it don't say where else they belong." This is a very unkind cut on the part of the *Bee* in view of the circumstances. The leaders of the Radical party here are anxious to combine with the Independents even under the name of the latter, for the next campaign. And where is Freeman to be found, politically? Elected to the Legislature as a Republican, he was next a member of the "Independent" Convention in San Francisco. The *Mail* is like the gentlemen office-seekers spoken of—Republican and Independent by turns—anything to win, apparently, with all of them.

Round Valley Items.

The prospects for feed in Mendocino and Trinity counties, are splendid. We never have yet experienced a more favorable season than this. There will be a big increase of stock, and every thing looks splendid.

The settlers on the Indian Reservation are about to lose their lands and it is creating quite a sensation. The lands that were thrown out of market will soon be in market again.

The Eel river and South and North forks have been higher than ever known, but are low now.

The grading contract for a wagon road from Eureka, through the counties of Humboldt and Trinity to the Valley, are to be let soon, a distance of six miles each. I believe the bonds are sold and work will commence by 1st of June or before. The distance is 150 miles. There is also some talk of a wagon road from the valley to Red Bluff. G. R. TEMPLETON.

Apportionment of State School Funds.

I have made the following apportionment of State School Funds to the several school districts of Yolo county. The amount apportioned is $16,682 26, among forty one districts.

The districts marked P. R. having fifty pupils and upward receive an additional apportionment from the balance remaining after giving to the other districts $500 each.

This balance of $8,490.84 is apportioned among 16 districts numbering 1636 pupils; each pupil receives $5.19.

Districts.		*Pupils.*	*Amount.* $
Prairie			174 76
Gordon	P R	70	538 06
Eureka	P R	68	527 68
Washington	P R	185	1309 67
Grand Island			104 86
Cache Creek			174 76
Montgomery			174 76
Willow Slough			174 76
Fairview			174 76
Pleasant Prairie			174 76
Center	P R	55	400 21
Spring Lake			174 76
Lisbon	P R	51	439 45
Yolo	P R	122	925 44
Grafton	P R	152	1138 40
Buckeye	P R	50	434 26
Fillmore			174 76
Monitor			174 76
Clover			174 76
Mt. Pleasant			174 76
Sacramento River			174 76
Woodland Prairie			174 76
Buchanan			174 76
Woodland	P R	516	3726 60
Vernon			174 76
Union	P R	50	434 26
Putah			174 76
Canon			174 76
Merritt	P R	50	434 26
Plainfield	P R	74	558 82
Cottonwood	P R	65	380 11
Capay	P R	50	434 26
Pine Grove			174 76
North Grafton			174 76
Monument			174 76
Liberty			174 76
Franklin			174 76
Cacheville	P R	78	570 58
Fourfield			174 76
Enterprise			104 86
Mountain			132 00
Total		1636	$16,682 26

Respectfully submitted,
G. N. FREMAN,
Superintendent Schools, Yolo Co.

THAT MOUNTAIN ROAD.—County Surveyor Friel informs us that the route surveyed for a road to the summit of the mountains from Capay Valley was the one petitioned for and authorized by the Board of Supervisors. That may all be, and we are not aware that the Surveyor is at all to blame in the matter. But it is a fact nevertheless that the route surveyed was not the one selected by the Commissioners appointed for that express purpose and who reported after having examined several routes in favor of one that is shorter, of a much more even and easy grade, and one that it would cost many hundred dollars less, if we are correctly informed, than the one surveyed. To us it makes not the slightest difference, but we desire the facts in the case to be known before it is too late to remedy any mistakes that may have been made, and also in common with many others, that the very best route should be selected for this important road at the outset. The Supervisors ought to regard the wishes of the people in this matter and make a road over the best and most feasible route.

AT one of the last meetings of the French Academy of Science, Cammille Flammarion communicated some results of his observation of a hardly visible star in the constellation Ophincus. Said star weighs three times more than the sun, and one million times more than our globe. Its distance from us is 54,000,000,000,000,000 meters, and a cannon ball, which would reach the sun in six years, would arrive at the newly weighed star after 8,400,000 years.

A GOOD article of California oranges is selling in San Francisco at fifteen cents a dozen, wholesale, and retailed from street wagons at twenty-five cents.

New Advertisements.

Grand Concert!

A Grand Vocal and Instrumental Concert will be given by

WILLIAM SMITH

—AND—

LUKE ANDREWS

Assisted by the

WOODLAND BAND!

—AND THE—

Best Musical Performers and Singers in Town,

AT CENTRAL HALL, WOODLAND,

—ON —

Monday Eve'g, April 5, 1875,

For which occasion a First-Class Programme has been chosen.

The public are respectfully invited to favor us with their attendance.

TICKETS, - FIFTY CENTS;

To be had at the principal business places in town. mh19-3t

Those Transcendent Lectures

—UPON—

HUMAN NATURE AND THE HUMAN SYSTEM

Prof. McDonald and Dr. Rice

ARE DELIVERING AT

CENTRAL HALL,

SHOULD BE HEARD BY EVERYBODY.

PROF. McDONALD

Gives Scientific Phrenological Examinations in regard to Character, Talents, Business Adaptations, etc.

DR. RICE

Treats with signal success, Diseases of the Brain, Heart, Lungs and Liver, Rheumatism, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Convulsions or Fits, Cancers, Tumors, etc. He also makes a specialty of treating all classes of diseases of a private nature that afflict both sexes. Those whose cases are critical or dangerous will do well to interview DR. RICE, as he can surely bring them relief if they are within reach of medical aid.

CONSULTATIONS FREE.

OFFICE—Room No. 1, Craft Hotel. mh19 2w

THE NEW

MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT!

Spring and Summer Goods

MRS. & MISS PORTER

Have received their Spring Stock of Millinery, embracing the Latest and most Fashionable Styles of Goods, and are prepared to suit the most fastidious tastes at reasonable prices.

BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS.—We are agents for the celebrated Butterick's Patterns, to which we call the attention of the public.

Ladies are respectfully invited to favor us with their patronage.

MRS. W. W. PORTER & CO.

Woodland, March 18th, 1875. mh19 3m

CHURCH DEDICATION.—The new Congregational Church, just erected by that denomination in this place, was dedicated to the service of Almighty God on yesterday afternoon, Rev. Mr. Banfield, the resident pastor, being assisted by Rev. Drs. Warren of San Francisco, and Dwinell of Sacramento. Dr. Warren delivered the dedication discourse. The audience quite filled the handsome little church, everybody present expressing themselves pleased with the edifice and its convenient and comfortable arrangements. A very interesting feature of the ceremonies was the excellent singing of the choir, who had chosen hymns and anthems suited to the occasion. We understand Mr. Banfield himself designed the plan of the edifice, which was highly complimented by the assisting ministers for its suitableness in all its details. In the evening the financial condition of the church was set forth, and it was stated that about nine hundred dollars was needed to pay off the indebtedness. This was promptly subscribed or paid, and the new church may be said to be free from debt.

This makes the fifth church now in Woodland, besides which the Baptists contemplate erecting another the coming summer.

New Advertisements.

SPRING

Goods!

THE LATEST STYLES

—OF—

Spring Goods!

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT

—OF—

SPRING GOODS

Ever seen in the Town of Woodland is now exhibited at

A. NICKELSBURG & BROS.

We take pleasure to inform the people of Woodland and Yolo County that we have been receiving daily, for the past ten days, large quantities of the Latest Styles of

Spring Goods!

Which are now offered to the Public.

It is useless to enumerate in this notice.

Our Goods are all First-Class,

AND WE SELL AT THE

LOWEST MARKET PRICES

We will be pleased to have you call and examine, and we will take pleasure in showing you our goods.

We Call Special Attention to Our

STOCK OF

Domestics!

—WHICH ARE NOW—

Cheaper than Ever!

A. NICKELSBURG & BRO.

mh19-3m

Probate Notice.

Estate of Andreas Schmid, deceased.

IN THE PROBATE COURT IN AND for the County of Yolo, State of California. In the matter of the Estate of ANDREAS SCHMID, deceased.

Whereas it appears to me from the Petition of MARTIN STREMITZ that it is necessary to sell the whole of the Real Estate belonging to the Estate of said deceased, to pay the debts of said deceased, and the expenses and charges of administration, I hereby order and direct that all persons interested in said Estate appear before said Court at the Court Room in the Town of Woodland, Yolo County, California, at the hour of One o'clock P.M., of SATURDAY, the NINETEENTH day of APRIL, 1875, to show cause why an order should not be granted to said Executor to sell so much of the Real Estate belonging to said Estate as may be necessary for the purposes herein before mentioned; and I hereby direct that a copy of this Order shall be published for four successive weeks in the YOLO DEMOCRAT, a weekly newspaper printed and published in the Town of Woodland, in said county.

Woodland, March 12th, 1875.

J. A. HUTTON, Probate Judge.

[SEAL.]

Attest: A true copy.

D. SCHINDLER, Clerk.
By D. M. BURNS, Deputy.

mh19-5t

Administrator's Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT IN pursuance of the Order of the Probate Court of the County of Yolo, in the State of California, made and entered of record in said Court on the 13th day of March, 1875, in the matter of the Estate of A. L. ASHLEY, deceased, the undersigned, Administrator of said Estate, will sell at private sale on or after SATURDAY, the THIRD day of APRIL, A.D. 1875, at the office of J. C. BALL, Attorney, in Woodland, in said Yolo County—at which place bids or offers to purchase will be received up to the date of sale—all the right, title, interest and estate of the said intestate at the time of his death in and to all that lot, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the County of Yolo, California, described as follows, to wit: The Northeast quarter of Section Thirteen in Township Nine North, Range One West, Mount Diablo Base and Meridian.

Terms of Sale—Cash (gold coin).

Woodland, March 19, 1875.

WM. H. ASHLEY, Administrator.

J. C. BALL, Attorney. mh19-3t

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,

WM. MINIS,

Of Yolo County,

Subject to the decision of the Democratic State Convention. fe19-tf

FOR CLERK OF SUPREME COURT,

D. B. WOOLF,

Of San Francisco.

Subject to the decision of Democratic State Convention. fe19-3m

Yolo Planing Mill,

MACHINE SHOP,

—AND—

Manufactory for Elevators and Self-Feeders for Threshing Machines,

COR. OF OAK AVENUE AND RAILROAD STS.,

One Block South of Hesperian College.

The undersigned hereby notifies the public that he has purchased the Yolo Planing Mill and added to it a Machine and Blacksmith Shop, made extensive repairs and improvements and put in new and improved machines with a view to establishing a

MANUFACTORY FOR ALL KINDS OF AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

And to do a General Milling Business in all its Departments.

Doors, Sash, Casings, Inside Finish, Brackets, Scroll Sawing, Wood and Iron Turning, Boring out Steam Cylinders and Douglas Pumps (of any size), Door and Window Frames and Moldings of all kinds made to order, Etc., Etc.

CONTRACTING AND JOBBING

Left to Contractors, House Builders and Carpenters, whose patronage is especially solicited, and

Good Work Guaranteed!

As None but First-Class Workmen will be employed. Besides, he is prepared to do

BLACKSMITHING!

AND REPAIRING OF ALL KINDS OF AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

—AND—

STEAM ENGINES!

Will Manufacture Harrows, Cultivators, and anything in his line of business that may be ordered, at as reasonable rates as can be done in San Francisco.

ja2-3m BYRON JACKSON.

Public Notice of the White House.

A. ALEXANDER,

Will sell his Entire Fall Stock, consisting of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, etc., etc.,

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES, FOR SIXTY DAYS,

To make room for SPRING GOODS! For Bargains, come to ALEXANDER'S WHITE HOUSE, and satisfy yourself.

A. ALEXANDER, White House, Woodland.

fe12

Boot and Shoe Store!

L. KAMINSKY & CO.,

OPPOSITE HESPERIAN COLLEGE,

HAVE THE

BEST GOODS!

LARGEST ASSORTMENT!!

AND SELL AT THE

Lowest Prices!

Ordinary Repairing on All our Goods Free of Charge!

WE ALSO MAKE

Boots and Shoes to Order!

fe26-tf

[ESTABLISHED 1853.]

DALE & CO.,

PIONEER MUSIC STORE,

NO. 185 J ST., SACRAMENTO,

AGENTS FOR THE

KNABE PIANO FORTES

—AND THE—

Prince's Organs.

FRENCH AND GERMAN ACCORDEONS!

New Music received every day. Instruments Tuned and Repaired. Zephyr Wools and Embroideries. Toys and Fancy Goods in great variety.

Berlin Wool!

FIFTEEN CENTS PER FULL OUNCE!

—WITH—

BETTER SHADES,
BETTER WEIGHT,
BETTER QUALITY.

Than can be had anywhere else. mh5-3m

SELLING OUT

—AND—

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS!

The undersigned will sell off their entire stock of Tinware, Stoves, Water Pipes, etc., etc., at the lowest possible rates, as they desire to close out the stock as soon as possible for cash, and retire from the business.

The BUILDING AND LOT will be sold cheap and on reasonable terms.

For particulars apply at the Store.

All parties indebted to us are requested to come forward and settle immediately.

WM. H. ASHLEY, Administrator.

mh5-tf ROSENKRANS & KUHN.

GRAND AUCTION SALE

—OF—

Real Estate

—IN—

San Luis Obispo

—BY—

H. M. NEWHALL & CO.

THIS land comprises One Thousand Eight Hundred Acres, in and adjoining the Town of San Luis Obispo; one-half of which is a deep, rich vegetable loam, suitable to the highest garden cultivation. The whole is subdivided into tracts eligibly located for residences and homesteads.

The sale will begin at TEN O'CLOCK, A.M., promptly,

April 20,

And continue from day to day until all is sold.

Parties interested are invited to inspect the lands before the day of sale. Carriages will be in readiness to convey parties over the ground for three days prior to sale, Free of Charge.

TERMS: 25 per cent. cash, balance in four Annual Payments, at 10 per cent. per annum.

FOR MAPS APPLY TO

Geo. D. Fiske & Co.

For full particulars address or apply to

C. H. PHILLIPS,

OR,

WM. L. BEEBEE,

mr5-td SAN LUIS OBISPO, Cal.

Selling Out!

SELLING OUT!!

SELLING OUT!!

TO CLOSE BUSINESS

—AT THE—

S. F. AUCTION STORE,

WOODLAND,

On Account of Ill Health.

We have determined to dispose of our Entire Stock of

CLOTHING!

DRY GOODS!

BOOTS AND SHOES!

HATS!

FURNISHING GOODS!

GLASSWARE!

CROCKERY, ETC., ETC.,

At the Most Reasonable Rates.

THE ENTIRE STOCK

—MUST BE SOLD—

AT ANY PRICE,

As we are bound to close the business on account of the ill health of the managing proprietor.

Here is a splendid chance for

BARGAINS!

The public are invited to come and see for themselves.

All persons indebted to our firm are requested to call and settle immediately.

GOSLINER & CO.,

ONE DOOR WEST OF BANK,

MAIN STREET.

Woodland, January 8th, 1875. ja8

A. AITKEN. ISRAEL LUCE.

AITKEN & LUCE,

Premium Pioneer Marble Works,

177 K. ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH,

SACRAMENTO.

Monuments, Tomb and Grave Stones, Mantles, Table Tops, Washstands, Etc., Etc.

All kinds of Work done in Indian Diggings, Italian and Vermont Marble. Marble at Wholesale and Retail.

JNO. H. BROGAN, Undertaker,

AGENT AT WOODLAND.

fe13-3m

Bronze Turkeys.

Emden Geese.

12 Gobblers from 8 to 20 months old, 22 to 40 lbs each, for sale now.

40 to 50 pounds per pair at maturity.

Hens 14 to 18lbs.

BLACK CAYUGA DUCKS,

Games, Brahmas, Leghorns, Houdans, Bantams, etc.

Eggs, fresh, pure, true to name, well-packed so as to hatch after arrival.

For Illustrated Circular and Price-List, Address

M. EYRE, Napa, Cal.

FERRETS. RABBITS. PIGEONS.

Please state where you saw this advertisement. fe26-3m

CRAFT HOTEL,

MAIN STREET, WOODLAND,

WM. R. RAWSON, Proprietor.

The new proprietor proposes to make this house First-Class in every respect. It is all new and clean, handsomely furnished, and in a good location.

The Dining Room

Will continue under the supervision of an experienced caterer, and the accommodations are such as to please guests and patrons in every department. de4-3m

FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

Abstract of the Auditor's and Treasurer's Report of Yolo Co.

GENERAL FUND.

Am't on hand last report	$ 2,004.87	
Receipts since last report	37,976.19	$39,981 06
Warrants redeemed		28,350.83
Balance in Fund		$11,630 23

HOSPITAL FUND.

Balance on hand last report	$ 231.71	
Receipts since last report	6,802.13	$7,033 84
Warrants redeemed		5,885.53
Balance in Fund		$1,248 31

ROAD FUND.

Balance on hand last report	$ 313.85	
Receipts since last report	17,004.52	$17,318 37
Warrants redeemed		13,551 92
Balance in Fund		$3,766 45

CONTINGENT FUND.

Balance on hand last report	$ 204.54	
Received since last report	11,525.59	$11,730 13
Warrants redeemed		7,832 32
Balance in Fund		$3,897 81

RECAPITULATION.

Floating Debt (less interest)	$58,773 41
Amount in Treasury	20,442 80
Actual indebtedness, (less interest)	$38,330 61

SCHOOL FUND.

Amount in Fund	$ 271 95
Amount in School Districts	15,030 04
Total in Treasury	$15,301 99

Julius Martin,

SUCCESSOR TO

SNOWBALL & MARTIN,

MAIN STREET,

Knights Landing,

YOLO COUNTY, CAL.,

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS

AND ALL KINDS OF

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

SELLS ON REASONABLE TERMS

—AND AT—

SMALL PROFITS.

THE PATRONAGE OF THE PUBLIC IS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.

ja29-3m

YOLO

Poultry Yards!

NOT EQUALED ON THIS COAST.

J. F. FRIGGENS,

IMPORTER AND BREEDER OF HIGH-CLASS POULTRY,

Having imported from the most celebrated yards of England and the Eastern States the following varieties:

Buff Cochins,
Golden Spangled Polands,
Light Brahmas,
White Leghorns,
And Houdans.

FOWLS AND EGGS FOR SALE.

All Fowls and Eggs purchased at my yards are warranted to give satisfaction, or no sale. Address,

ja22-3m J. F. FRIGGENS, Woodland.

"The Best Magazine for the Money we have ever seen."

The People's Monthly,

ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

"This is a good magazine for the home circle. There is something in it for every one. There is wit and humor for the jovial, sentiment and poetry for the romantic, bright and well-written editorials for the thoughtful, and good sound advice and suggestion to industrious housewives. But over and above all, it has now added a full page of Fashion plates, and the Fashion letter from New York is splendidly written by some "one that knows." It has long and short stories, which are always *very well* illustrated. The PEOPLE'S MONTHLY is, in fact, always a most welcome visitor."—*Philadelphia Age.*

"Its engravings are equal, and some of them are superior to *anything in Harper* or other illustrated papers of their class. On delicately tinted paper are printed original and selected stories, and carefully prepared miscellaneous matter, while every number contains full information respecting the fashions of the month."—*Scranton Republican.*

"No trashy or useless matter encumbers its pages, but the purest and most fascinating literature greets its *two hundred thousand readers* every month."—*Euston Free Press.*

TERMS:

Postage Free to all Subscribers in the United States.

PEOPLE'S MONTHLY one year	$2 00
" " six months	1 00
" " sample copy	20

For Clubs in One Remittance.

Five copies one year	$ 8 00
Ten " "	15 00
Twenty " "	25 00
Fifty " "	50 00

After sending in one remittance the amount necessary for a club, single names may be added at the same rate.

Binders for the MONTHLY, $1.25 by mail post paid. Send for our premium list—free.

Active Canvassers Wanted.

Address: PEOPLE'S MONTHLY,

fe26 PITTSBURGH.

A BRAVE BOOK!!

"WHAT WOMAN SHOULD KNOW."

A Woman's Book about Women, by a Woman.

MRS. E. B. DUFFEY.

The only work of the kind ever written by a woman; is a necessity in every household. Its entire novelty and eminent practicalness creates an immense demand. Notwithstanding the delicate subjects necessarily treated, it is written in such a brave, pure style as will not offend the most fastidious. LADY agents never have had such an opportunity to make money and do good. Terms and sample sheets mailed free on immediate application.

A. L. BANCROFT & CO.,

mh12-3t San Francisco, Cal.

A Healthful Article.

CUTTER'S POCKET INHALER AND CARBOLATE OF IODINE INHALANT,

FOR SALE AT

Reindollar's Drug Store,

Is a most wonderful remedy for the cure of Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Hoarseness, etc. Try it and see how it is yourself. fe26-tf

Certificate of Copartnership.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that we CHARLES H. DAVIS, residing at the Town of Woodland, County of Yolo, and JAMES VEIRS, residing at the Town of Woodland, County of Yolo, in the State of California, do hereby certify and declare that we have organized and formed ourselves into a copartnership, and we covenant and agree each with the other, to be copartners for the purpose of carrying and conducting the business of Butchering, Selling Meat, and Buying and Selling Cattle and Hogs and Sheep in the State of California, under the firm name and style of C. H. DAVIS & CO.

That the principal place of business of said copartnership is situated at the Town of Woodland, County of Yolo and State aforesaid.

That the names of all the persons interested as partners in such business, are above stated, and signed hereto, and that such partnership will continue and be in force until further notice by us.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our hands and seals, this 25th day of February, A. D. 1875.

CHAS. H. DAVIS, [SEAL.]
JAMES VEIRS. [SEAL.]

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, }
County of Yolo. }

On this 25th day of February, A.D. one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, before me, C. S. FROST, a Notary Public, in and for said Yolo County, personally appeared CHARLES H. DAVIS and JAMES VEIRS, known to me to be the persons whose names are subscribed to the within instrument, and acknowledged to me that they executed the same.

Witness my hand and Official Seal the day and year first above written.

[SEAL.] C. S. FROST, Notary Public.

Filed: Feb. 25th, 1875.

D. SCHINDLER, Clerk.
By D. M. BURNS, Deputy.

fe26-5t

District Court Summons.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE SIXTH Judicial District, State of California, County of Yolo.

JAMES C. WELCH, Plaintiff, vs. H. MERCER, Defendant.

The People of the State of California send greeting to H. MERCER,

You are hereby summoned to appear and answer the complaint of JAMES C. WELCH, in said Court, filed against you, within ten days from the service of this writ, exclusive of the day of service, if served on you in this county; if served out of this county, but within this Judicial District, within twenty days; but if served on you without said District, then in forty days from such service, exclusive of the day of service, in an action commenced on the Sixth day of March, 1875, in said Court.

Said action is brought to recover of Defendant the sum of Two thousand one hundred and thirty-three dollars and fifty cents ($2,133.50) due upon a certain Promissory Note executed by said Defendant to Plaintiff herein for the sum of Three hundred dollars and interest thereon at the rate of three per cent. per month from August 11th, 1875, to date, and for accruing interest and costs of suit, and you are hereby notified, that if you fail to appear and answer the complaint as directed, Plaintiff will take default and apply to the Court for the relief demanded.

In testimony whereof, I, A. D. SCHINDLER, Clerk of the Sixth Judicial District Court aforesaid, do hereunto set my hand and affix the Seal of said Court, at office in Woodland, this Eighth day of March, A.D. 1875.

[SEAL.] D. SCHINDLER, Clerk.
By D. M. BURNS, Deputy.

LAMBERT & DEWITT, Attorneys for Plaintiffs.

mh12-2m

Notice to Contractors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT SEALed proposals will be received by a committee of the Board of Supervisors of Yolo County until the TENTH day of APRIL, 1875, at 2 P.M., for the construction of a grade from Capay Valley though Armstrong Canyon and Casey Flat to the Summit of the Mountain on the County Line between Yolo and Napa Counties. The grade to be constructed in accordance with plans and specification on file with the Clerk of said Board.

Contract payable in warrants drawn on the Contingent Fund.

Bond in double amount of contract price to accompanying the bids.

The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

D. SCHINDLER, Clerk.
By D. M. BURNS, Deputy.

mh12-td

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between the undersigned, under the firm name of C. H. DAVIS & CO., is this day dissolved by the withdrawal of MR. W. LAMBERT from said firm.

C. H. DAVIS and JAMES VEIRS will continue the business under the same name and style, to whom all bills owing by the late firm should be presented, and who alone are authorized to collect bills due the same.

his
W. X LAMBERT,
mark.
C. H. DAVIS,
J. VEIRS.

fe26-1m

Notice of Lost Certificate.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT I will make application to the Register of the State Land Office of the State of California on SATURDAY, APRIL 3d, 1875, at 12 M., for a Duplicate Certificate of Purchase of Certificate No. 2499, lost, issued to HANS C. BARGER, for the southeast ¼ of section 32, and the southwest ¼ of section 34, all in Township 8 north, range 3 east, Mount Diablo Meridian, lying and being in Yolo County.

HANS C. BARGER,
By ERNST POTEN, his Attorney in fact.

March 3d, 1875. mh5-4t

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of John Dennis, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE Creditors and all persons having claims against said Estate, to present them with the necessary vouchers to the undersigned, at the office of FROST & BUSH, in Woodland, within six months after the first publication of this notice.

A. C. RUGGLES,
Administrator of the Estate of JOHN DENNIS, deceased.

Woodland, March 8th, 1875. mh12-5t

NEW STOCK

—OF—

CARPETS!

FOR SPRING TRADE,

ARRIVING DAILY!

—ALSO—

PAPER HANGINGS

—AND—

DECORATIONS,

PICTURES, FRAMES, ETC.

Now is the time to see

NEW STYLES & PATTERNS

At Low Prices!

WE DEFY COMPETITION

—AND SELL AT—

The Lowest Prices on the Pacific Coast.

B. COHEN,

(SUCCESSOR TO WM. SHARP & CO.,)

No. 115 and 117 J Street,

Between Fourth and Fifth,

SACRAMENTO.

mh5-3m

NOTICE.

KNIGHT'S LANDING, March 10th, 1875.

I have appointed I. J. ADAMS, of Knight's Landing, as my authorized Collector, and he has authority to collect all accounts due me and receipt for the same.

mh12-3m E. A. GORDON, M.D.

FOR SALE.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE, on west line of Town of Woodland—1½ acres. For particulars, apply on the premises to [tfja22] A. B. GRIGGS.

PURE Lard Oil, Chinese Nut Oil, Castor Oil at E. BYNUM & CO'S.

The Yolo Democrat.

Friday, March 19th, 1875.

Town and County Matters

CAL. P. R. R. TIME-TABLE.

	A.M.		P.M.
	Passenger.	*Freight.*	*Passenger.*
Going South..	6:20	6:50	3:48
" North...	11:44	9:33	8:49

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Passenger.	*Passenger.*
Going South..11:29 A.M.	Going North..5:09 P.M

Train leaving Woodland at 11:44 A.M. connects with Boat at Knight's Landing for Colusa every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

A DISTRESSING CASE.—Mr. J. C. Boice, a young married man who has for some time past been engaged in F. M. Hall's tinshop as a journeyman, on Wednesday evening of last week went to the railway station to meet his wife whom he was expecting to arrive from San Francisco, but was greatly disappointed at her non-arrival, as it had been previously arranged that she should come at that time, and apartments had been furnished for housekeeping. Neither was there any letter of explanation. The next morning, however, at eight o'clock, a telegram was received informing Mr. Boice that his wife was dead—having died from an overdose of morphine, purchased and administered by herself, as was afterwards shown at the Coroner's inquest; and the verdict was that it was taken with suicidal intent. The distressed husband can only account for the act on the ground that his wife has suffered from neuralgia sometimes and had obtained relief by taking morphine; and that in this instance she had taken too large a dose. They were married at Salt Lake, less than a year ago, and Mr. Boice assures us had lived happily ever since. The father of deceased, Mr. N. F. Wolfe, was formerly a resident of this place, but now resides at Healdsburg, Sonoma county, where the disconsolate husband took his wife's remains for burial. The family are very respectable, and the sad occurrence cast a gloom over the people of Healdsburg, where deceased had principally been raised and educated, and the funeral was very largely attended. Mr. Boice has returned to Woodland, where he will remain for the present—a disconsolate, heart-broken man.

ANNIVERSARY CONCERT.—The Methodist Sunday School anniversary concert on Sunday evening last was in every respect successful. The house was not large enough to hold the throng of people desirous of attending, all the seats and standing room being occupied and many being compelled to remain on the outside. The programme selected by the Superintendent, F. A. Pedler, was an excellent one—mostly singing, but interspersed with recitations sufficient to vary the performance. The children acquitted themselves nobly, aided by several who were not members of the Sunday School, and who are requested to accept the thanks of scholars, superintendent and members of the Methodist Church. A collection was taken up which amounted to $23,25. We notice that these children's concerts always draw crowded houses. Particularly was this the case when the Union concerts were in vogue. Why are they not revived again?

FREE LECTURE.—Prof. McDonald and Dr. Rice will deliver a free lecture on Saturday evening upon human nature and the laws of life, at Central Hall. At the close they will perform some very instructive and amusing experiments with electricity. All who wish to spend an evening pleasantly should be present. They will also lecture several evenings next week upon various topics. Prof. McDonald gives accurate phrenological examinations at the Craft Hotel. Dr. Rice can be consulted free of charge at said hotel in regard to all diseases that afflict both sexes. Read their notice in another column.

SPRING GOODS.—At A. Nicklesburg & Bro's store—where Magee presides over the counter—has been laid in a very superior stock of goods for the Spring trade, especially selected for this market. Particular attention has been paid to the lines of ladies' dress goods and gents' clothing, the proprietors well knowing that at this season of the year every one desires to "spruce up" a little. Every other department is also well supplied.

BLIND BOYS' CONCERT.—The concert to be given by Wm. Smith and Luke Andrews is announced for Monday evening, April 5th, at Central Hall. They will be assisted by all the best musical talent of Woodland, including the Band. Being fine performers themselves, with the aid so generously volunteered, this will be the concert of the season. We hope the poor boys will receive a substantial benefit.

ELEGANT MILLENERY.—Our readers—the feminine portion of them, at least—are requested to read Mrs. & Miss Porter's new millinery card. Their establishment has just been replenished with an elegant assortment of new style goods for Spring and Summer millinery—just what will please and really suit the fastidious ladies of this vicinity. So says our lady adviser, and she knows what she is talking about.

GOODS AT AUCTION.—The San Francisco Auction Store, will sell at Public Auction, for cash, on Saturday March 20th, at 1 o'clock P. M., a varied assortment of goods, to close out the business, embracing dry goods, clothing crookery, glass-ware etc. This is a rare chance to secure bargains, as the goods must be sold. GOSLINER & Co.
A. G. READ, Auctioneer.

Letter from Observer.

DAVISVILLE, March 16th, 1875.

EDITOR DEMOCRAT:—The "Inexhaustible" amount of talent displayed by your correspondents in Davisville causes the DEMOCRAT to be much sought after. And as a new light is added to the already brilliant array, every one is wondering and inquiring who it is. Just to think of us having kept our talents hid away all these long years, when if we had used them, what an incalculable benefit we might have been to the world! I am afraid it will go hard with us when we are called upon to give an account in judgment.

In looking over the columns of your valuable paper of last week, I notice a communication over the *nom de plume* of "Unicorn"—who is the new star. "Unicorn" says that "Observer" has been out with his *camera lucida* and will give you the particulars. Now how does he know I have been out with my camera lucida? Even if I have, does he suppose I am going to tell you all about it? That's what's the matter with "Mc Cracken." In his insane efforts to procure a wife he said too much, and now he can't get a wife in this place to save him. I am sorry that man acted so, but nothing better could be expected of "A Lunatic." But as the insanity was brought on from an inordinate desire to obtain a wife, I hope it is only temporary, and that he will gradually overcome it as he grows older.

I am glad that such spirits as "Unicorn," "Harold," "Once-in-a-While" and others have come to my relief. For I must confess that my intellect has become so dormant from "Masterly inactivity," that it is almost impossible for me to conceive an idea, and even if I do I have not the physical energy to make a note of it before it has left me; so it is pleasant to have such master minds to step in and help one out, so that I may take my ease, and like "Harold's" boys of Davisville, do nothing, and in doing nothing enjoy myself.

"Unicorn" essays to prescribe for our young men, and in doing so, I think he has committed a fatal blunder, as I will show. He advises the youths to put themselves under the care of the ladies, and as the ladies are the "salt of the earth," they shall be saved. I cannot agree with "Unicorn" that the ladies are the salt of the earth. Rather are they the *sugar* of the earth. Who would want anything to do with a salt woman? In speaking of a good, amiable woman—especially if she is pretty—we say what a *sweet* woman! Who but "Unicorn" would think of saying she is such a *salt* woman? I never heard of but one salt woman, and that was Mrs Lot. And I have no doubt but what she is standing to-day right where she was transmogrified into a pillar of salt. If the land had turned her into a pillar of *sugar* in less than a month after she had been placed there, there would not have been a particle left of her, and he knew it. And as it was his intention that she should stand there as a lasting monument, warning women of the folly and danger of looking back, he thought the best thing to do would be to make salt of her; then the men would let her alone, and she would stand as a constant reminder to other women of what she might expect if they didn't act promptly and obediently. The very idea, of calling our women salt! If they knew "Unicorn" as I do, his chances of getting a wife in this place would be as hopeless as that of "Mc Cracken." There is where I fear he has made a great mistake. I see from "Unicorn's" citation:

"Jogging along together, my boys,"

That he still retains some of the soul of music, though I have heard no discordant sounds emanating from the rear of the blacksmith shop for some time.

Our town is remarkably quiet now; there is nothing of interest to chronicle. There have been a few business changes lately, and more to be, some of which I will speak of. Hoag has moved into Crandall's place, Crandall has gone into Bob Piper's place, Piper has gone into his old house, Jno. Gumper is going into Hoag's place, there is a drug store going into Gumper's store, Green the shoe maker has gone into Mrs Buckley's building.

Our worthy townsman, Mr. J. C. Melvin, on account of ill health, has concluded to dispose of his entire stock of merchandise, at cost, for cash.

The farmers want more rain and less north wind. Yours, etc.,
OBSERVER.

I. O. O. F.—The Odd Fellows instituted Capay Lodge No. 233 I. O. O. F. on Saturday last, Grand Master J. F. Miller, assisted by Grand Secretary T. Roger Johnson, Past Chief Patriarch Lewis Korn, Past Grands Shepperd, Clark and others officiating. There were eight charter members and eleven initiates. Following are the officers elected: Robert Marders, N. G.; L. L. Walton, V. G.; Godfrey Rodolph, Sec.: Wm. Raymond Treas. A supper and good time was had after the ceremonies were over.

QUARTERLY MEETING.—The Seventh Day Adventists will hold their next quarterly meeting at their Church in Woodland on Saturday and Sunday, March 20th and 21st. Preaching may be expected at the following hours: Saturday at 11 A. M. and Sunday at 11 A. M. and 7 P. M. All are cordially invited to hear. Seats free, and no collection taken.

DEFEATED.—We are informed that the proposition to vote a tax to enable the school in Spring Lake District to be kept open for two months was lost.

WINDY.—Yesterday we experienced a howling norther, which made it very unpleasant. To-day is calm.

Foot Hill Notes.

FOOT HILLS, March 16th, 1875.

EDITOR DEMOCRAT:—I am sitting on a high hill west of Buckeye, under the shade of a friendly oak tree which for months past has looked as if it was dead, but which now has assumed a different appearance; once more Nature has clothed it in a mantle of green. As I sat looking at the change wrought, and looking at all the beauties of nature that surrounded me, all at once I became serious, and thought I would write a few lines for your valuable paper. I never remember having seen anything in it written by a sheepherder. As I sit in this elevated position in view of the broad Sacramento Valley, there are green fields of grain in sight as far as the eye can reach, north, south and east, and west of me are high, rugged, yet beautiful hills. Looking east I see a vast level plain, with the State Capitol looming up in the distance, and Davisville showing to good advantage. Casting a glance south of Davisville I see the town of Dixon, which looks as if a dark cloud hangs over the town. Perhaps it is only in mourning at the birth of a rival town soon to be laid out at Winters', on Putah Creek, on the road now being constructed by Stephenson Brothers. Looking north of Davisville, I see where Woodland stands, the view of the buildings being hidden by the heavy growth of oak trees that surround the city. Woodland, too, I believe, feels a little uneasy about the railroad already spoken of. The Editor of the *Mail* need no longer be in doubt about it. If he will only come to the new town about June, with a little money in his possession, I think he can have a ride on the cars from there. I think it would be better for Woodland not to trouble about railways, but start a few stage lines on condition that Representative Freeman will pledge himself not to have anything to do with the said lines in regard to freights and fares.

Sheep owners in this vicinity are jubilant over their good luck with their sheep this season. The weather all through lambing time was fine; feed was early and plentiful, and sheep kept fat all winter. The increase by lambs will be over one hundred per cent. in this neighborhood. Farmers, too, wear smiling faces at their prospect for crops. Teams are busy in all directions summer fallowing and preparing the ground for another year.

A number of prospectors this winter have prospected our hills in search for mines, but with what success I have not been able to learn.

Vegetable and fruit raisers on Putah Creek say their fields and orchards never looked better at this season of the year.

The sun is fast disappearing behind the western hills. The next thing in order for me to do is to corral the sheep, then repair to my unpretentious dwelling and get supper ready, eat, and either go to bed or sit up for awhile and muse all alone. Hoping I have not trespassed too much on your valuable columns, I remain yours, etc.,
SHEEPHERDER.

An Outburst from the Davisville Lunatic.

DAVISVILLE, March 16th, 1875.

EDITOR DEMOCRAT:—I was somewhat astonished upon reading your issue of the 12th to see a literary effusion over a new *nom de plume*, hitherto "to fortune and to fame unknown." I contemplate and would advise "Observer" to do the same—to dismiss any aspirations to authorship, as we cannot expect to compete with such brilliant productions, and we also have ample evidence of his pride of the same. I can picture him in my mind, sitting at the ghostly hour of midnight in his dingy studio, by the uncertain light of a flickering candle, preparing his manuscript for the perusal of your eager and expectant readers.

Your valuable paper will undoubtedly increase to double its present circulation, should he continue to give sail to his talents. But I am afraid we will be doomed to disappointment, for "canst thou bind the unicorn with his band to the furrow?" Take my advice, "Unicorn," bid farewell to iron pounding, shoulder your pen, and start out as a rival of Henry Ward Beecher.

Of "Harold" I am rather timid in speaking, as he makes his indentity far better than his brother correspondent, and I feel unequal to the task of doing him justice, as he is a subject worthy the attention of the ablest men of the age.

It is hard to draw the line of demarkation as to whether his able communication was written as a betrayal of his overwhelming genius, or from the promptings of an illfeeling against our young men, who I think are hardly so disreputable as his biography of them would lead the unacquainted to believe; and in all probability the worthy gentleman himself is more familiar with the games he mentioned than the young men are. I am very sorry to decline a compliance with his modest request, for my ancestors were so illustrious, and occupied such illuminated pages in the annals of the past that I fear a recital of them would tarnish the splendor of his family secrets, thereby creating a hatred and jealous in his bosom; and the man who would willingly become an enemy of Harold, simply signs the death-warrant of his happiness in this world with a haunting fear of the next.

We have been troubled for the past week with a north wind, which is creating misapprehension among the farmers that crops will not be so flattering as was expected.

There was a slight unpleasantness a few days ago between one of our citizens and a gentleman who sojourns in another part of the county. After coming here and indulging all night in tripping the light fantastic toe, which I suppose aroused his pugilistic propensities, he yearned for a fight, must have one, and he got one.

As I know of no items, and for fear of encroaching too much upon your space, I will close, hoping to hear again from "Harold" and his cotemporary.
X. MCCRACKEN.

Grain Prospects.

CACHEVILLE, March 15th, 1875.

EDITOR DEMOCRAT:—I have been taking some observations of grain crops in the vicinity of Cacheville and Knights Landing, and I find very good prospects for crops.

I was rolling some grain I have in that looks very bad—it is very thin, and I thought by rolling it would stool out and get thicker. The north wind blew so hard I thought I would quit rolling, when your well-known correspondent "Independent Farmer" came along and urged me to roll on, and said that when the north wind blew the grain would go back in the ground, and asked me if I had never noticed it? I told him I had not, but I had heard another Dutchman say it would, so as I had taken his advice on a former occasion I continued to roll on, and will finish this coming week. We need rain in this part very much.
YOLO.

CHINESE WEDDING.—A couple of moon-eyed Celestials were married the other day at the Court House by Elder Kinkade.

THE AMERICAN SARDINE CO.'S Boneless Sardines, are much better, and less than half the cost of imported Sardines.

FOR the very best Photographs, go to Bradley & Rulofson's Gallery with an Elevator 429 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

IMPORTANT.—Endorsed by the Medical profession. DR. WW. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS cures Coughs, Colds and Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat and Chest. DR. TOWNLEY'S TOOTHACHE ANODYNE cures in one MINUTE. fe12-20w*

THE growth and structure of the human hair is very plainly set forth in a pamphlet published by R. P. Hall & Co., Nashua, N. H., proprietors of Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer, for *gratuitous* distribution. The deservedly high reputation of their preparation has wholly been gained by its merits. Being free from oil and alcohol, it has a healthy action on the scalp, restoring gray hair to its natural color without dyeing it, cures itching of the scalp, removes and prevents dandruff, and will thicken up the thin locks. Such are the benefits which are conferred upon the consumer. No one should neglect to give it a trial.—*Journal & Statesman, Wilmington, Del.*

It is Asserted as a Fact

That every canvasser who has turned his attention to the introduction of the New Family Sewing Machine in his locality, or who has been fortunate enough to secure an agency, has outstripped the best efforts in making money of the old and tried Agents of the high-priced machines, which latter they now replace. The demand is enormous, and sales so rapid and money made so readily with so little effort that Farmers, Tradesmen, Speculators, &c., are flocking into the business as fast as they can secure territory and get their goods on the ground to supply anxious customers. It is marvelous how these machines sell when exhibited, it being a recognized fact that people will buy the best at the lowest price. It certainly is the Machine of the times and does the same work as other Machines at $80.00 or $90.00, and we really believe it would sell just as readily at double, and then not cost half the usual price of so good an article, for it is astonishing to see the vast amount of labor it performs at so low a cost. The inventors are daily inundated with testimonials of the worth of their new Machines which so suddenly and successfully bounded into popular favor. It proves to be just what is wanted every day, by every one, everywhere, who has a family. It has attained an enviable reputation in many thousands of homes and factories, for its solid strength, power, rapidity, simplicity, certainty, and ease of operation with extreme beauty, fineness and reliability of its sewing; while the wonderful low price (Twenty Dollars for a Large and complete Sewing Machine with a strong table and treadle), places all idea of competition entirely out of the question. It stands alone in its merits and price. We advise you to invest in one at once for your Wife, Daughter, Mother, Sister or Lady Friend and make a home happy, or put them in your factory, or what is better if you are lucky enough, secure an agency, if there is none in your town, and make money yourself. The many new attachments for doing extra fine, skilful and difficult work, are a surprise in their simplicity of construction and far below even "grange prices," and will be delivered safe at your door, no matter how remote you may reside, if you write for them. Address, J. THOMSON, HANNA & CO., 907 Broadway, N.Y. mh5-1y

A Royal Organ.

The stomach has been well named a "royal organ," since it sways and controls the entire system, every gland, tissue and nerve sympathizing with it as the servants of a prince sympathize with their master. Each one of them is fed and sustained by it—even the brain itself, the centre of sensation, is absolutely dependent upon it for sustenance. Consequently, when the stomach fails to perform its all-important office, the subordinate organs also falter in their duty. The reason why Hostetter's Stomach Bitters have such a wonderously beneficial effect upon the general health, and are such a reliable preventive of disease, is that they speedily overcome weakness or disorders of the stomach, and thus insure complete nourishment of the entire system and a healthful performance of its various functions. Unlike those stimulants whose alcholic principle is unmodified by judicious medication, the spiritous basis of these Bitters, which is of the purest description, holds in solution herbal alteratives and invigorants to which a foremost rank has been assigned in materia medica. But it is not alone the fact that these sovereign botanic elements enter into the composition of the Bitters that constitutes them such a benign tonic and corrective, but also that they are so happily combined that the full effect of each is exerted upon the disordered or debilitated system. The digestive and secretive organs are the first to experience the beneficent operation, which extends, by sympathy, to the brain, the nerves and the circulation. The influence thus exerted is fruitful of those great sanitary results which have built up the reputation of this truly national medicine. mh5

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING SOLD out his business to T. F. & W. R. Eaton, takes this opportunity to thank his friends and customers for their liberal patronage heretofore extended to him, and hopes they will continue the same to the new firm.

N. B.—I can be found at the old stand for thirty days to settle up business.
J. I. EATON.

NEW FIRM.

T. F. EATON.] [W. R. EATON.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO inform the people of Woodland and Yolo County that we have purchased the entire stock in trade of the late firm of J. I. Eston, and will keep constantly on hand a full assortment of

Groceries, Provisions and Queensware,

Which we will sell at the lowest possible rates.

COUNTRY PRODUCE

Bought and sold. CASH PAID FOR EGGS.

☞ The place of business is the Store in the Grove, on the corner of Main and Third streets, opposite Masonic Hall.
fe19-3m T. F. & W. R. EATON.

FIRE ALARM.—A chimney burning out in Snyder's saloon was the cause of the fire alarm yesterday morning. It did no damage beyond creating considerable consternation, as a funeral procession was passing at the time. A strong north wind was blowing, and if a fire had got started at such a time it would have swept everything before it. Woodland has been extremely fortunate in regard to fires.

IN DEMAND.—Both farms and town property are in lively demand in this vicinity, stimulated no doubt by the large immigration now setting in this direction. Woodland is surrounded by the best farming lands in California and consequently town property is sought after. Frost & Bush have in charge a large amount of both. Purchasers should inquire of them.

ENLARGING.—Two brick stores in town are being enlarged, that of Nicklesburg Bros. by the addition of forty feet in the rear, and that of L. Dryfus & Co. thirty feet. These are good substantial improvements.

CHANGE OF OFFICE.—Dr. Geo. H. Jackson has moved his office into the new Bank building, where he has very pleasant rooms and may be found during office hours when not professionally engaged.

VASQUEZ is to be executed to-day according to the sentence of the court.

THE Indiana Legislature has repealed the Baxter liquor law, and passed a license law in its stead.

THE Senate, after a prolonged debate on the admission of Pinchback, postponed action in the case until the second Monday in December.

A TAXIDERMIST has been engaged for some weeks at Judge Crocker's art gallery, Sacramento, placing in position 15,000 fine specimens of birds.

A SEVERE rain and hail storm passed over Corinth (Mississippi), and vicinity on the night of March 14th. The town of Rienzi was nearly destroyed; four persons were killed and several dangerously wounded.

BORN.

In Woodland, March 15th, to the wife of S. Caldwell, a Daughter.

In Woodland, March 17th, to the wife of J. G. Allison, a Son.

MARRIED.

At St. Helena, Napa County, on Thursday, March 4th, 1875, by Rev. J. E. Barnes, of Napa City, Mr. J. B. Pockman to Miss Mary F. Tully.

Our readers will be glad to read the above announcement, for a great many of them are acquainted with Mr. Pockman, who stands deservedly high in this community. We are glad that he has escaped the thralls of bachelordom, and that he has been so fortunate in the selection of a bride to complete his earthly happiness.

DIED.

In Woodland, March 16th, very suddenly, O. B. Westcott, aged 60 years.

Deceased was one of Woodland's oldest, most highly respected and best beloved citizens. As a neighbor he was all that could be desired. His funeral was under the auspices of the Masonic fraternity, in which he stood very high. It was one of the largest funeral trains we have ever seen in the county.

A Representative and Champion of American Art Taste!

Prospectus for 1875---8th year.

THE ALDINE.

THE ART JOURNAL OF AMERICA,
ISSUED MONTHLY.

"A MAGNIFICENT CONCEPTION WONDERFULLY CARRIED OUT."

The necessity of a popular medium for the representation of the productions of our great artists, has always been recognized, and many attempts have been made to meet the want. The successive failures which so invariably followed each attempt in this country to establish an art journal, did not prove the indifference of the people of America to the claims of high art. So soon as a proper appreciation of the want and an ability to meet it were shown, the public at once rallied with enthusiasm to its support, and the result was a great artistic and commercial triumph.—"THE ALDINE."

"THE ALDINE," while issued with all the regularity, has none of the temporary or *timely* interest characteristic of ordinary periodicals. It is an elegant miscellany of pure, light, and graceful literature; and a collection of pictures, the rarest specimens of artistic skill, in black and white. Although each succeeding number affords a fresh pleasure to its friends, the real value and beauty of "THE ALDINE" will be most appreciated after it is bound up at the close of the year. While other publications may claim superior cheapness, as compared with rivals of a similar class, "THE ALDINE" is a unique and original conception—alone and unapproached—absolutely without competition in price or character. The possessor of a complete volume can not duplicate the quantity of fine paper and engravings in any other shape or number of volumes *for ten times its cost; and then, there is the chromo, besides!*

The national feature of "THE ALDINE" must be taken in no narrow sense. True art is cosmopolitan. While "THE ALDINE" is a strictly American institution, it does not confine itself entirely to the reproduction of native art. Its mission is to cultivate a broad and appreciative art taste, one that will discriminate only on grounds of intrinsic merit. Thus, while placing before the patrons of "THE ALDINE," as a leading characteristic, the productions of the most noted American artists, attention will always be given to specimens from foreign masters, giving subscribers all the pleasure and instruction obtainable from home or foreign sources.

The artistic illustration of American scenery, original with "THE ALDINE," is an important feature, and its magnificent plates are of a size more appropriate to the satisfactory treatment of details than can be afforded by any inferior page. The judicious intersperson of landscape, marine, figure and animal subjects, sustain an unabated interest, impossible where the scope of the work confines the artist too closely to a single style of subject. The literature of "THE ALDINE" is a light and graceful accompaniment, worthy of the artistic features, with only such technical disquisition as do not interfere with the popular interest of the work.

TERMS.

One Subscription, entitling to THE ALDINE one year, the Chromo and the Art Union,

$6.00 Per Annum, In Advance.
(No charge for postage.)

Specimen Copies of THE ALDINE, 50 Cents

"THE ALDINE" will, hereafter, be obtainable by subscription *only*. There will be no reduced or club rates; cash for subscriptions must be sent to the publishers direct, or handed to the local canvasser, *without responsibility to the publishers*, except in cases where the certificate is given, bearing the fac-simile signature of JAMES SUTTON President.

CANVASSERS WANTED.

Any person wishing to act permanently as a local canvasser will receive full and prompt information by applying to

THE ALDINE COMPANY,
no6 58 *MAIDEN LANE, NEW YORK.*

THE WELL-BRED HORSE

TICKLE-MY-FANCY!

Will stand the present season, ending June 10th, as follows: At KNIGHTS LANDING, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday; At CACHEVILLE, Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

TERMS, Ten Dollars. To be paid during the season in U. S gold coin. Care will be taken to prevent accidents, but will be responsible for none.

TICKLE-MY-FANCY is seven years old, seventeen hands high, and weighs 1425 pounds. He was sired by Hinman's Consul, who has trotted his mile in 2:27. His dam was a fine Whip mare. This stallion was awarded the first premium in 1870 and in 1871.
March 18th, 1875. [mh19-1m] W. S. HAYDEN.

L. Machefert's

JEWELRY STORE,
MAIN STREET, (UNDER CRAFT HOTEL).

GOLD WATCHES
For Ladies and Gents,

GOLD CHAINS,
Vest, Long, and Necklace,

AMERICAN & SWISS SILVER WATCHES
COIN SILVER CHAINS,

Latest Style Gold Sets,

EARRINGS AND PINS,
GOLD CUFF PINS,
SLEEVE BUTTONS,
GLOVE FASTENERS,
SHAWL PINS
AND LOCKETS,

Gents' Gold Pins, Collar Buttons and Shirt Studs,

DIAMOND, RUBY, EMERALD, AMETHYST, ONYX, CAMEO, GARNET, PEARL, PLAIN & ENGRAVED RINGS

Silver-Plated Spoons, Forks, Knives, Cake Baskets, Fruit Dishes, Castors, Card Receivers, Etc.,

Coin Silver Spoons, Forks, Card Cases, Thimbles, Etc.,

GOLD PENS AND HOLDERS,

Spectacles and Eye Glasses, in Gold, Silver, Rubber and Steel,

Writing Desks Work Boxes, Albums, Chromos, Frames, Knives, Guns and Pistols.

Florence Sewing Machines.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRS DONE IN A SATISFACTORY MANNER.

L. MACHEFERT,
de18-3m Main Street.

H. WACHHORST,

IMPORTING WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,

79 J street, Sacramento,
BET. THIRD AND FOURTH,
Invites attention to his

Magnificent Stock of Genuine Sterling Silverware.

Ornamental and for the Table—925 fine, warranted to retain its beautiful whiteness and not change to a greyish shade like coin quality of Silver Forks and Spoons.

JEWELRY. My selection is one of the rarest and most valuable in the State, in Diamond Sets, Stone Cameo, Amethyst, Coral and Solid Gold Sets.

RINGS. An endless variety of every description, from Plain Solid Gold to the most elegant Diamond Settings.

CHAINS. Opera, Neck Opera Guard, Chatelain, and Vest Chains, all the new elegant patterns.

SUNDRIES. Lockets, Charms, Seals, Sleeve Buttons, Studs, Collar Buttons, Gents' Gold Headed Walking Canes, etc.

WATCHES. Chronometers, Chronographs, (quarter and one-fifth second) for timing horses, fine English and Swiss watches, American watches from the best manufactories, which I will forward to any part of the country at factory prices.

CLOCKS. From the plainest to the finest French Pendules.

DEALERS in these articles from the interior will be allowed a liberal discount.

Orders Promptly Filled.

Chronometers, Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired by the best workmen and warranted.

My customers enjoy this advantage, I purchase my goods for cash from the factories and sell cheaper than any other dealer here.

Remember the Sign of the Town Clock.

79 J street, between 3d and 4th.
de20-3m

Furniture & Undertaker's

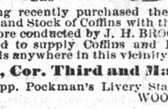
ESTABLISHMENT!

P. KRELLENBERG,
Dealer in all kinds of
FURNITURE AND BEDDING!

A large assortment always on hand, which will be sold at reasonable prices!

—ALSO,—

GENERAL UNDERTAKER,



Having recently purchased the fine new Hearse and Stock of Coffins with the business heretofore conducted by J. H. BROGAN, I am prepared to supply Coffins and Hearse for Funerals anywhere in this vicinity.

Store, Cor. Third and Main Sts.,
Opp. Pockman's Livery Stables.
de11-3m WOODLAND.

J. MCNEIL, Sacramento. L. S. ADAMS, San Francisco.

Adams, McNeil & CO.,

IMPORTERS
—AND—
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
SACRAMENTO,
Cor. Front and L Streets.
de18-3m

OTTO HANSON,

Merchant Tailor,
No. 106 J STREET,
Between Fourth and Fifth, - Sacramento.

Has greatly reduced the price of GENTS' CUSTOM-MADE CLOTHING.

GREAT REDUCTION
In all the Fashionable Materials.

☞ A full line of GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS of the best quality. de18

C. H. DAVIS. JAS. VEIRS.

WOODLAND MEAT MARKETS.

CHAS. H. DAVIS & CO., Proprietors.

Good Beef.
MUTTON, VEAL,

PORK, SAUSAGE, SALT MEATS, ETC.
Constantly on hand. ja10-3m

WOODLAND BAKERY,

First Street,
Opposite Central Hall, near Capital Hotel.

O. SCHLUER, . Proprietor.

A Supply of
Bread, Cakes, Pies, Crackers,
Etc., always on hand, and delivered to any part of town if desired.

Balls and Parties
Supplied on short notice. A continuance of patronage is respectfully solicited. fe21

J. L. Simpson,

DRUGGIST,
GALBRAITH'S BLOCK,
MAIN STREET, WOODLAND.

DRUGS, MEDICINES,
PAINTS, OILS,
TOILET PERFUMES,
For the Handkerchief,
Hair Oils, Soaps, Hair Brushes,
ETC., ETC.

A FINE STOCK OF
School Books,
MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,
STATIONERY,
Initial Note, Diaries, Etc.

ALSO, A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF
Glass, Cigars, Tobacco,
LEGAL BLANKS.

Also, FINE PORT AND SHERRY WINES,
Old Bourbon and Rye Whiskies,
COGNAC BRANDY,
Holland Gin, Jamaica Rum, Etc.
All of the purest quality for medicinal use.

☞ Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours by a thoroughly competent druggist

J. L. SIMPSON,
(Read & Magee's old stand,) Main street,
de19-3m WOODLAND.

WOODLAND POULTRY YARDS!

Unsurpassed on the Pacific Coast.

IMPORTED FROM THE MOST CELEBRATED YARDS IN THE EAST!

FOWLS for SALE
BUFF, WHITE, BLACK AND PARTRIDGE

COCHINS!
DARK & LIGHT BRAHMAS!
White and Brown Leghorns, Silver Spangled Hamburgs, White Polands, Houdans, and
GOLDEN SEBRIGHT BANTAMS!

Reduced Price!

BRONZE TURKEYS AND ROUEN DUCKS!
Eggs from $3 to $6 per doz.
Address, **DR. W. J. PRATHER,**
ja15-3m Woodland, Cal.

TO THE LADIES

-OF-

Woodland and Yolo County!

MRS. OCBURN,
Milliner & Dressmaker,

Having just returned from the Bay with a full assortment of

Spring & Summer Goods
OF THE LATEST STYLES.

Would be pleased to have the Ladies call and examine them, confident that she can please in the future as well as in the past. She would also return thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same

N.B.—Particular attention given to
DRESSMAKING!

Also, Agency of the
New Weed Sewing Machine!
mh4 One of the most reliable in use.

Fits Cured Free!

Any person suffering from the above disease is requested to address DR. PRICE, and a trial bottle of medicine will be forwarded by Express.

FREE!

The only cost being the Express charges, which owing to my large business, are small. DR. PRICE is a regular physician, and has made the treatment of

FITS OR EPILEPSY

A study for years, and he will warrant a cure by the use of his remedy.

Do not fail to send to him for a trial bottle; it costs nothing, and he

WILL CURE YOU!

No matter of how long standing your case may be, or how many other remedies may have failed.

Circulars and testimonials sent with

FREE TRIAL BOTTLE.

Be particular to give your Express, as well as your Postoffice direction, and Address,

DR. CHAS. T. PRICE,
1a8-72t 67 William Street, New York.

Bon Ton
OYSTER AND CHOP HOUSE,
45 SECOND STREET,
Between J and K Streets.
SACRAMENTO.

Oysters and Shell Fish of Every Description served in the most recherche style, and at all hours of the day and night.

CALL AND SEE US!
mh5-3m J. F. McGEE, Proprietor.

Steinway & Sons'
PIANOS.

A. HEYMAN,
SOLE AGENT,
1 Street, between 6th and 7th.
Opposite the Court House,
SACRAMENTO.

PIANOS TO LET.
Pianos and other instruments repaired.
fe13-3m

THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE HOTEL

Has changed proprietors. M. FURNISS will run this hotel

ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN!

Mr. Furniss, who is well and favorably known throughout the county as a first-class hotel man, will personally superintend the Dining Room and Cooking Department, and assures his guests that no pains will be spared in making this the most pleasant hotel in Woodland.
de1-3m **M. FURNISS.**

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE FOR SALE.

AN OPPORTUNITY IS NOW OFFERED any one desiring to buy some nice furniture, embracing Sitting-Room and Bed-Room Furniture and Kitchen Utensils.

Will be sold at private sale, and can be seen between 9 A. M. and 6 P. M.

☞ For particulars, inquire at this office.
fe19-tf

The Yolo Democrat.

Friday, March 19th, 1875.

I Am Dying.

[The following beautiful poem we copy from the columns of the Memphis *Bulletin*. It is rarely we find such contributions in the columns of a newspaper. It is sweetly, beautifully sad.]

Raise my pillow, husband, dearest,
Faint and fainter comes my breath;
And these shades, stealing slowly,
Must, I know, be those of death.
Sit down close beside me, darling,
Let me clasp your warm, strong hand,
Yours that ever has sustained me,
To the borders of this land.

For your God is mine—our Father
Theme shall ever lead me on;
Where upon a throne eternal,
Sits his loved and only Son.
I've had visions and been dreaming
O'er the past of joy and pain;
Year by year I've wandered backward,
Till I was a child again.

Dreaming of girlhood and the moment
When I stood your wife and bride.
How my heart filled with love's triumph,
In that hour of woman's pride.
Dreaming of thee and all the earth-bonds
Firmly twined about my heart—
Oh! the bitter, burning anguish
When first I knew that we must part.

It has passed, and God has promised,
All thy footsteps to attend;
He, that more than friend or brother,
He'll be with you to the end.
There's a shadow o'er the portal
Leading to my heaven' home—
Christ has promised life immortal,
And 'tis he that bids me come.

When life's trials wait around thee,
And life's chilling billows swell,
Then thank heaven that you've been spared them,
Thou'lt then feel that "all is well."
Bring our boys unto my bedside,
My last blessing let them keep—
But they're sleeping, do not wake them,
They'll learn soon enough to weep.

Tell them often of their mother,
Kiss them for me when they wake;
Lead them gently in life's pathway,
Love them doubly for my sake.
Clasp my hand them closer, darling,
This, the last night of my life;
For to-morrow I shall never
Answer when you call me "wife."
Fare thee well, my noble husband,
Faint not 'neath the chastening rod;
Throw your strong arm 'round our children,
Keep them close to thee—and God.

General Items.

ED. S. SMITH has been appointed Postmaster at Vacaville.

BOOTH is placed on committees on Public Lands, Pensions and Manufactures.

THERE are about two hundred Chinamen in the State Prison at the present time.

IT is estimated that San Diego county will this season produce 750 tons of honey.

A TWO year old steer, weighing 735 pounds, was slaughtered in Placerville the other day.

THE Indiana Legislature has repealed the Baxter liquor law, and passed a license law in its stead.

A DAILY line of stages will be put on between Livermore and the summit of Mount Diablo about the 1st of April.

GENERAL Sheridan has telegraphed to General Ord to clear the Black Hills of all miners and allow no more to enter.

ABOUT 100 men are at work in the canyon on the Cloverdale and Ukiah road. Another force will be put to work next week near Sanel.

POST-OFFICE circular instructions show that recent legislation has fixed the postage on transient newspapers at one cent per ounce.

Two hundred and twenty-five flasks of quicksilver was the product for the short month of Februrary of the St. John's mine, in Solano county.

A taxidermist has been engaged for some weeks at Judge Crocker's art gallery, Sacramento, placing in position 15,000 fine specimens of birds.

THE freight train, bound for Vallejo, on Saturday ran into a flock of sheep, between Dixon and Batavia, and killed and wounded about fifty of them.

SAMUEL W. ALLEN of Nevada is believed to be the greatest herdsman in the world. His ranch is eighty miles long, and he owns 225,000 head of cattle.

DURING the last eighteen years the ship David Crockett has made seventeen trips to San Francisco, mostly from New York. Her trips averaged 115 days each.

SEVEAL vessels have lately left San Francisco in ballast, and more are preparing to do likewise. The low rate of freight on wheat is the cause of these movements.

AT Oakland, Samuel Bell, a native of Ireland, and one of the plasterers from Chicago on the Palace Hotel, was sent Thursday, to the Insane Asylum; cause, attendance on revival meetings.

IN Illinois the wages of female teachers have risen seventy-four per cent. in fifteen years, the wages of male only sixty-three per cent. And thus are the sexes gradually being placed on an equality.

A severe rain and hail stoam passed over Corinth (Missisiippi), and vicinity on the night of March 14th. The town of Rienzi was nearly destroyed; four persons were killed and several dangerously wounded.

A GENTLEMAN in San Joaquin county owns a flock of 2,000 ewes, 1,300 of which had 2,400 lambs this season, thus increasing the flock 120 per cent. Nearly all the sheep produced twins, and twenty of them triplets.

THE Thames river at Norwich, Conn., is frozen solid to the bottom. A trotting horse fell dead on the ice there the other day, and the owner cut a grave eight feet deep in the ice without coming to water, and buried the horse in it.

BUDD DOULE will start East with Occident about the first of April. It is the intention to trot himwhenever a proper opportunity offers. It is said that Doulde has sucheeded in improving Occident very much since he has been training him.

ABOUT 140 persons from Ohio and Western Pennsylvania assembled at Columbus, Ohio, to take some action to secure the adoption of an amendment to the Constitution acknowledging the existence of God. The usual resolutions were adopted.

A CHINAWOMAN at Livermore has given birth to twins—a boy and a girl—who are connected at the elbow and knee. They have three hands and three feet, and in all other respects they are perfect in shape and limbs. The *Enterprise* is responsible for the story.

JOHN BRIGGS has a bamboo tree in his orchard says the Yuba City *Banner*, which measures about 28 inches in circumference, and is 20 feet in hight. The branches are said to grow to a consent length for fishing rods. This variety of tree is very scarce in this State.

THE House has concurred in the Senate amendment to the Post Office appropriation bill, restoring the franking privilege so as to allow the Congressional Record and printing public documents to go free under Congressional frank until December 1st, 1875.

MR. GEORGE SMITH has discovered among the Assyrian tablets in the British Museum, the legend of the building of the Tower of Babel. This discovery is quite as important as that of the tablet relating to the Deluge, made known last year by the same gentleman.

PERHAPS one ought not to mention such things, says the *Courier-Journal*, but it's hard to keep from thinking how different the history of this country might have been if Ulysses S. Grant, Benjamin F. Butler, and Henry Ward Beecher had been born girls.

THE Placer *Herald*, of March 6th, says: From 97 tons of rock, taken from the 360-foot level in the Crater Mine, there was cleaned up at the St. Patrick Mill last Wednesday, 440 ounces of amalgam, or about 250 ounces of pure gold. This gives an average of about $42 to the ton.

THE Subterranean Railroad in London conveys yearly 37,000,000 passengers, and uses 37,000,000 feet of gas for the lighting of the cars. The London workmen goes from South Kensington to Moorgate street, a distance of 9 miles, for two cents. One thousand trains go daily over this road.

AN engine on the Reading road has been on duty since 1837, and has run in that time 475,738 miles, or an average of nearly 17,000 miles per year for twenty-eight years. Probably there is very little of the original engine remaining except the frame and minor parts. Another engine, made in London, England, in 1838, is still doing duty.

$20 MAKE HOME HAPPY, $20

AND EARN $30 OR $40 PER DAY.

Marvelous Mechanism.
Ingenious Invention.
Absolute Perfection.

An Elegant, Durable and Full-Sized

Sewing Machine!

WITH TABLE And TREADLE

COMPLETE FOR DOMESTIC USE

—FOR—

TWENTY DOLLARS!

Unparalelled in price.
With many important, superior and valuable improvements.
Equal in size, and does the same work, in the same way as an $80 or $100 machine.
The best, simplest and cheapest machine ever made.
Written guarantee for Five years with every Machine.
No Superior! No Competition! No Rival in quality and price.
A skilful and practical scientific accomplishment of a most wonderful combination of all the good qualities of a Sewing Machine, and fully acknowledged to be a perfectly successful mechanical achievement of practical simplicity, Thoroughly tested. Used in thousands of homes. The Favorite of the Family Circle.
It does not take an hour to get ready to do a minute's work, but is always ready in a moment to do a day's work.
It will save its cost many times over in one season, doing the work of the Family, or it will earn Four or Five Dollars a Day for any man or woman who may wish to do sewing for a living.
Is so plain and easy to learn, and smooth to run, the children and servants can use it.
So strong and solid built, it will last a generation if properly cared for.
Has no superfluous Cogs or Cams to get out of order.
Sews equally fine with coarse cotton, linen, silk or twine.
Rapidly sews a strong seam over all kinds of goods from Finest Cambric up to Heaviest Broadcloth and Leather without stopping the machine.
Runs faster, lighter, more easy and quiet than any other machine at five times the price.
Uses the strong, straight needle.
Marvelously true in every motion.
Sews the finest, firm and lasting stitch.
Makes the only seam that can not be ripped apart, without destroying the fabric. The strength, beauty, evenness and durable qualities of which have long been acceded.
Will sew anything it is possible for a needle to go through.
Will do every description of sewing ever done on any other machine no matter what the price, and with less trouble.
Will Hem, Fell, Tuck, Seam, Quilt, Braid, Cord, Bind, Gather, Ruffle, Shirr, Pleat, Fold, Scollop, Roll, Embroider, Run-up-Breadths, &c., &c., with astonishing Ease, Rapidity and Neatness.
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Machines with Plain Table, Iron Stand and Treadle, complete with all the necessary fixtures for immediate use, $20. Machines, with Cover, lock and key, half case style, $25. Machines, with Cover, drop leaf, four side drawers, locks, keys, etc., three quarter Cabinet style, $40. Machines with enclosed Table, side drawers, paneled folding doors, locks and keys, Full Cabinet style, $75.
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Paints,

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BOOKS, STATIONERY, LAMPS,

And everything found in a

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FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A FAMILY PHYSIC,

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Costiveness, Jaundice Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Dysentery, Foul Stomach and Breath, Erysipelas, Headache, Piles, Rheumatism, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, Biliousness, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Tetter, Tumors and Salt Rheum Worms, Gout, Neuralgia, as a Dinner Pill, and Purifying the Blood are the most congenial purgative yet perfected. Their effects abundantly show how much they excel all other Pills. They are safe and pleasant to take, but powerful to cure. They purge out the foul humors of the blood; they stimulate the sluggish or disordered organ into action; and they impart health and tone to the whole being. They cure not only the every day complaints of every body, but formidable and dangerous diseases. Most skilful physicians, most eminent clergymen, and our best citizens, send certificates of cures performed and of great benefits they have derived from these Pills. They are the safest and best physic for children, because mild as well as effectual. Being sugar coated, they are easy to take; and being purely vegetable, they are entirely harmless.

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FOR THE SPEEDY RELIEF OF

Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever,

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℞ Has been widely used, during the last twenty-five years, in the treatment of these distressing diseases, and with such unvarying success that it has gained the reputation of being infallible. The shakes, or chills, once broken by it, do not return, until the disease is contracted again. This has made it an accepted remedy and trusted specific, for the Fever and Ague of the West, and the Chills and Fever of the South.

Ayer's Ague Cure eradicates the noxious poison from the system, and leaves the patient as well as before the attack. It thoroughly expels the disease, so that no Liver Complaints, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Dysentery or Debility follow the cure. Indeed, where Disorders of the Liver and Bowels have occurred from Miasmatic Poison, it removes the cause of them and they disappear. Not only is it an effectual cure, but it taken occasionally by patients exposed to malaria, it will expel the poison and protect them from attack. Travellers and temporary residents in Fever and Ague localities are thus enabled to defy the disease. The General Debility which is so apt to ensue from continued exposure to Malaria and Miasm, has no speedier remedy.

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jy10-1y3

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—AND—

CHOP HOUSE,

Cor. K and Second Streets, Sacramento.

FRANK FRARY, - Proprietor.

Would be happy to see his old Yolo friends when they visit the city. de25-tf

New Business

IN WOODLAND.

We, the undersigned, beg leave to inform the People of Woodland and Yolo County that we have purchased the entire Stock-in-Trade of the late firm of

JACOBS, MEYERSON & CO.,

And have also enlarged the same with a great variety of entirely

New Goods!

—OF THE—

Latest Styles!

—FOR—

FALL AND WINTER!

—CONSISTING OF—

Dry Goods and Clothing!

BOOTS AND SHOES!

GENTS' AND LADIES'

Furnishing Goods!

HATS AND CAPS!

Carpets,

Oil Cloths,

Paper Hangings,

Etc., Etc.

We would be pleased to have the purchasing public call and examine them, confident that we can please our customers in Styles and Prices in future as well as in the past. We would also return thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.

LEVY & HAINES,

SUCCESSORS TO JACOBS, MEYERSON & Co.

N.B.—All accounts and notes due to JACOBS, MEYERSON & CO. must be paid to LEVY & HAINES, as they purchased the same with the business. fe20

C. D. MORIN,

At his Old Stand, Opposite the Bank of Woodland,

Is prepared to do all kinds of

PLUMBING, GAS-FITTING,

—AND—

METAL ROOFING,

And Manufacturer of

Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron Wares,

ALSO, DEALER IN

STOVES,

PUMPS,

Iron and Galvanized Pipes of all sizes.

AGENT FOR THE

Celebrated "Union Range."

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

Of all kinds in his line.

CALVANIZED IRON

Water Tanks!

All Sizes, made to Order.

AGENCY FOR

Rose's deep well Force Pumps.

TOOLS FOR BORING WELLS

Can be had at my Store.

ORDERS FROM THE COUNTRY Promptly attended to.

SHOP ON MAIN STREET,

(Next to Gray and Wood's Hardware Store.)

fe1-3m C. D. MORIN.

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The undersigned begs leave to inform the public that they are prepared to do all kinds of work in their line.

Ironing Carriages and Wagons, Repairing Machinery, Horseshoeing and General Jobbing.

And respectfully solicit the patronage of the public, feeling confident of giving entire satisfaction.

Shop, Opp. Exchange Hotel.

Please give us a trial when you have work to do. DUNPHEY & KNOX.

fe28-3m

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SELL YOUR LANDS THROUGH

ALVA UDELL & CO.,

DEALERS IN

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Office: Craft Hotel, Woodland.

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WEST END OF NEW COLLEGE BLOCK,

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Dealers in all kinds of

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, TOILET AND FANCY ARTICLES,

PURE WINES and LIQUORS,

For Medicinal Purposes,

—AND—

EVERYTHING USUALLY FOUND IN A

FIRST-CLASS DRUG STORE!

—ALSO—

WINDOW GLASS,

ATLANTIC LEAD,
LINSEED OIL,
CASTOR OIL,
POLAR OIL,

—AND—

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ALL ARTICLES USED BY PAINTERS.

Prescriptions Carefully

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Compounded—Day or Night—

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THOROUGHLY COMPETENT DRUGGIST.

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ja17-3m

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Davis & Frazer,

(Successors to Ruggles & Davis,)

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South of Main St., near the College,

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—OF—

Building and Fencing Lumber,

Shakes,
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Blinds,
Plaster Paris,

SHINGLES, WINDOWS, LATHS,

Lime, Cement, Hair, Etc.

All Orders Promptly Filled on Liberal Terms to the Purchaser.

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[*Late of Gosselgren & Wilson.*]

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Cor. 4th and J Sts.,

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AND MIRRORS!

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de18-tfe1

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Cooley's Early White Field Corn,

TWO MONTHS EARLIER

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Will yield as much as any. Escaping the drought of the South and early Fall frosts of the North.

Send Stamp for Pamphlet giving Testimonials from "Farmers' Clubs" in different parts of the United States.

Price: 1 Bushel, $4.00; 1 Peck, $1.50; 1 Quart, by mail—postpaid—75c.

Address the originator,

C. C. COOLEY,

Ja8 Box 185, Manchester, Adams Co., Ohio

To the Ladies of Woodland and Vicinity.

Rag Carpet Manufactory.

The undersigned wishes to inform the public that he has just established himself in Woodland, and is prepared to weave Rag Carpets for all who want them.

PRICES.

Fancy patterns, per yard.....50 cts.
Patterns with white warp, per yard.....45 cts.
Plain patterns, per yard.....40 cts.

Orders left at Porter's store will be promptly attended to.

ja17-3m THOMAS McCANNA.

PAINTS AND OILS,
For sale at
SIMPSON'S DRUG STORE.

COAL OIL,
For sale at
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ATTENTION, EVERYBODY.

Latest News.

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Manufacturer —OF— —IN— And Dealer

ALL KINDS OF

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Having just returned from San Francisco with a complete assortment of all goods in his line, would respectfully call the attention of those wishing to purchase anything in his line, to his FULL STOCK, which he will sell at very REASONABLE PRICES; his stock consists in part of

Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves,

PUMPS AND PIPES, of all kinds,

GAS FIXTURES,

Nails, Screws, Hinges, Etc.,

WASH-BOARDS, CHURNS,

Galvanized Iron Wash Tubs, Waffle Irons,
Gem Pans,
Sad Irons,
Rubber Hose,

COFFEE MILLS,

Knives and Forks, Spoons, Scrubbing and Horse Brushes, Curry Combs, Etc., Etc.

AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED

RICHMOND RANGE

—AND—

Empire City Cook Stove!

The Best Stoves Now in Use.

Also for THE PEOPLE'S DEEP WELL FORCE PUMP, the best and cheapest Deep Well Force Pump now in use, and also for the CATCH-ME-ALIVE MOUSE TRAP, BLAKE'S UNIVERSAL FLUTER, EMPRESS KNIFE POLISHER, And other useful inventions.

Particular attention given to Repairing and Job Work. Give him a call before purchasing elsewhere. fe4 3m

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IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS

—OF—

Agricultural Implements

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MACHINES,

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Offer to the trade the

MOST COMPLETE STOCK

Of Goods ever in the Market.

Sweepstake Gang Plows,
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Harrows,
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FANNING MILLS,
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We are Exclusive Agents for the

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Farmers should send for our LIST OF PRICES before buying elsewhere.

The celebrated

BAIN WAGON!

Which has given universal satisfaction as the Best Farm Wagon now in use, can be had ONLY from us or our agents. fe19-3m

J. K. SMITH,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

FURNITURE and BEDDING,

COLLEGE BLOCK,

Main Street, - Woodland,

Opposite Craft Hotel.

Undertaking

Promptly attended to, and at satisfactory prices.

A Fine New Hearse in connection with the business.

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Consumption Cured.

To the Editor of Yolo Democrat:

ESTEEMED FRIEND:—

Will you please inform your readers that I have a positive

CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

And all disorders of the Throat and Lungs, and that, by its use in my practice, I have cured hundreds of cases, and will give

$1,000.00

For a case it will not benefit. Indeed, so strong is my faith, I will send a SAMPLE FREE, to any sufferer addressing me.

Please show this letter to any one you may know who is suffering from these diseases, and oblige,

Faithfully yours,

DR. T. F. BURT,

69 William St., New York.

ja8-26t

BUCKEYE AND COTTONWOOD STAGE!

After July 1st, 1874, the Stage for Cottonwood and Buckeye, carrying United States Mails, will LEAVE WOODLAND every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings at half-past Six. Returning, will LEAVE BUCKEYE at One P.M., via Pleinfield.

Passengers will find this an easy and comfortable conveyance.

All business matters entrusted to me will attended to with promptness and fidelity.

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Successor to H. Zirker, deceased.

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THE YOLO DEMOCRAT.

SUPPLEMENT.

VOL. 8. WOODLAND, YOLO COUNTY, CAL., FRIDAY, MARCH 19, 1875. NO. 18.

Cousin John.

BY JOSEPHINE POLLARD.

There was never a greater rogue
Than Cousin John—I tell you truly;
Throughout the town he had renown
For being clever, though unruly.

Was any mischief to be done,
Why Cousin John was always ready
To take the lead: he was, indeed,
In that alone accounted steady.

And yet, despite his foolish ways,
And all the elders did to flout him,
Though they averred John was "absurd,"
The girls were nearly wild about him.

He was no favorite of mine,
I had no patience with his folly,
For in those days I walked in ways
That were not far from melancholy.

The other girls might think it queer
That he in single life should tarry;
But as for me, I didn't see
How such a man they'd dare to marry!

For when the maid becomes a wife,
She may unto her grief discover
A husband won, like Cousin John,
Can never be a steadfast lover.

* * * * *

Yes, that's my husband's step you hear—
He always has an air so martial;
Is brave and true, and handsome too—
But then, you know, a wife is partial.

I'm not the prude I used to be;
Somehow or other I outgrew it;
So hard he plead, I had to wed
My Cousin John—*I thought you knew it!*

The Stabbers of Ravenna.

This trial, which recently began at the Ravenna assizes, is not only destined to constitute an epoch in the criminal history of Italy, but it casts a light as instructive as it is terrible upon the moral condition of the Romagnas.

These are the facts: Between the years 1865 and 1871 thirteen persons, belonging to all the ranks of society from that of magistrate down to the simple police agent, fell in turn beneath the knives or bullets of individuals who, during those six years, evaded all efforts to convict them.

In vain were several of these murders, or attempts at murder, ventured upon in broad daylight in the public square, and before the very faces of the sentinels; in vain were arrests made, and the accused parties kept for months in prison—it was impossible for Justice to discover and to strike the guilty ones; for neither the numerous witnesses of these bloody scenes nor the relatives and friends of the victims, nor those of the victims that survived, could or would denounce them.

An equal degree of mystery existed with regard to the motives of the assassins. Were they in pursuit of personal vengeance? Were they, on the contrary, acting for other parties, and only on account of gain? Were they mere fanatics trying to pave the way to some insurrectionary movement? Such were the questions which people had finally been compelled to give up in despair. The only thing which seemed clear was that they had no part in this series of crimes.

It was not till last year, and in a most unlooked-for manner, and after all hope of seizing the mysterious perpetrators of these revolting murders must have been abandoned, that a certain individual, one Giovanni Mesta by name, unexpectedly presented himself before the *juge d'instruction* of Pestolia, and revealed to him both the names of the miscreants, and the secret of their organization, as also even the slightest circumstances preceding, during, and following each one of their attempts.

Now, who was this well-informed personage, and why did he come forward so late—too late at all events for the later among the victims whom he might have saved? Discontented accomplice, perhaps; or one anxious to gain immunity by turning king's evidence! Not at all; but simply the brother of one of the murderers, the confederate of the greater number, and, stranger still, a man who, up to the last, had lived on the best terms with the twenty-three culprits he was now handing over to the law "with the sole object of saving his only son from the suspicion of being the son of an assassin."

The result of these communications, and what, according to the indictment, was verified on the part of the prosecution, is the discovery that, nine years ago there was organized at Ravenna—under the form and beneath the shade of a mutual-aid society—a group of individuals which did not originally exceed twelve in number, and whose members, after holding regular deliberations, passed sentences of death, which were carried out, at first timidly, then with all the assurance of impunity, by means of various weapons—knives, pistols and guns—but especially knives, a set of which were kept in a cupboard in a room where the meetings were held, and which constituted their common arsenal.

These implements were termed, in the lingo of the sect, "writing pens," and whenever the *biancani* had to convoke these Judge Lynches, to decide on the fate of a fellow-creature, it was called, "going to assemble the masters."

We have termed the assassins of Ravenna Judge Lynches, and not without reason. Indeed, the greater number of the murders ordained and executed by them have nothing in common with the crimes of this nature committed in other places. Personal interest had no part in them, and it was for the well being of society that these men assumed to act. Thus, their earliest victim, Chevalier Monghini, ex-director of the National Bank, was stabbed one night on his way home, "that in him might be punished" (we quote the very words of the indictment) "the difficulties and losses which his refusal to discount bills had brought upon the smaller tradesmen, and by which he had long since earned the titles of butcher, wretch," etc.

Nor was Dr. Fresconi Sebastiano condemned and put to death for less general reasons. They accused him—we are still quoting—"of having said at the time of the rise on breadstuffs, that the great land-owners had a right to dispose of their grain to the best advantage; and that the people might suffer hunger even to the extent of devouring the very beds of their cattle." Others, such as the Attorney-General Cesare Cappa, were made away with to avenge the insults put upon the sect in having imprisoned and long held captive several of its brotherhood;" while others, like the brothers Sassinari (themselves of this very society), "in order to forestall any indiscretions on their part, which their drunken habits might well render them capable of," etc.

These knights of the blade—some of them, at least—are far from being the lowest of mankind; they have hearts, passionate love of their country, and, while some of their number took part in *non sine gloria*, in the Tyrolean campaign of 1866, others, like Cavalcoli Giovanni, flew to arms at the war-cry of Garibaldi in 1867, to fall gloriously at the taking of Monte Rotondo.

Another characteristic feature of this ring of malefactors is a sort of publicity which it gives to its deeds. Not content to immolate its victims in the full glare of day, and in presence of many witnesses, this society has, so to speak, the delicate attention of giving them notice, by anonymous letters, when indeed it does not affix such placards as the following at their door-posts, "Rooms to let at an early date." Moreover, many people besides the victims have recognized the assassins on numerous occasions; but, whenever it has chanced that any of these latter have been included among the raids made by the police and have appeared before the judges, not a mouth would open to identify them. On the contrary, kind friends were never wanting to establish an *alibi*, so intense was the terror with which they inspired the whole population.

If we have gone so much into detail, it is for the sake of our foreign readers, in order that out of Italy some adequate idea may be come at of the vast difficulties which beset the new government in its endeavors to establish some show of public order; and also because such facts as those, brought to light by the prosecution in this trial of the stabbers, are matters of almost every-day occurrence in spite of the recent laws upon *l'ammonizone* and *il domicilio coatto*.

This almost incredible state of things is referable to sundry causes, but first and foremost to the ignorance and idleness which has so long prevailed in this part of the peninsula. It is also in some measure due—as was lately said by the Romagnolese—to the old revolutionary organization of the Romagnas, in which the secret political societies had given rise to other societies none the less secret, composed of malefactors; nor was it always possible to define where the one ended and the other began.

These secret political societies, in whose eyes the end amply justifies the means, had oftentimes to pass sentence of death, though they did not always number among their ranks any hands of sufficient steadiness to carry out their own edicts; and thus they were forced to apply, for this branch of the business, to a set of desperadoes, who stuck at nothing, who lived, as it were, in their very shadow, and who have now survived them, and carry on the trade on their own account.—*Translated for Appleton's Journal.*

The Way a Governor Courted.

This is the way. Gov. Chamberlin of South Carolina did up his courting, and the kind of a woman he won. The story is told by a Washington correspondent:

In the album of a lady friend he came across the picture of a young girl, with sweet, pure eyes and hauntingly lovely face. In his undemonstrative manner he asked her name and whereabouts, and, without stopping to ask the advice of any "mutual" friend, determined to see if the real picture compared favorably with the ideal, and if so, and the thing were possible, to gain the young lady for his bride. He saw and was conquered, not only by the personal beauty of sweet Alice Ingersoll, but her additional charms of mind and manner. He saw her but twice and hardly seemed to notice her, addressing but very little conversation directly to her, but immediately upon his return to Columbia wrote her a letter such as girls dream about as coming from their ideal lovers; and sweet Alice, astonished, pleased, delighted that such a reserved, intellectual man should be charmed by her beauty and simplicity, said "Yes," and they were married three or four months afterward. Miss Ingersoll was the daughter of an eminent lawyer, who was at one time Attorney-General of the State of Maine and a warm friend of Senator Fessenden. After the father's death their ample income ceased, and the eldest daughter determined to put her fine education to some practical use. Accompanying her mother she came to Washington, and both obtained positions in the newly organized Banking Bureau, over which Mr. McCullough was then Controller. For years the girl, fresh from school, occupied a clerical desk and made the room all the brighter for her presence. She was then a slender, golden haired girl, with large blue eyes, shaded by dark lashes, dark penciled eyebrows, white teeth, and complexion of that vivid pink and white which the partial gods only bestow on New England girls, and no others. Now she is a splendid looking woman, with complexion unimpaired, a youthful bloom undimmed, and with happiness written on every feature.

HE WAS THROUGH.—Saturday morning at one o'clock the police found a horse and cutter coming in from the country on the Pontiac road, with the driver so nearly frozen that he was lopped over on the seat and unconscious. He was taken to the station, and they thawed him out after an hour or so. When he could speak, he asked:

"Sergeant, will I live?"

"Oh, yes, I guess so," was the answer.

"Well, I'm sorry," mused the young man. "I wanted to die so that they could put on my tombstone: "Here lies one who was fool enough to ride twenty-six miles to spark a red-headed girl!"

FALSEHOOD is often rocked by truth, but she soon outgrows her cradle and discards her nurse.

The Mennonite Immigrants.

The New York *Tribune* describes this interesting sect, which is fast making its home in this country, as follows:

"Nearly 1,000 families of Mennonites it is expected will soon arrive in Canada from Russia. They have chosen Manitoba for their future residence, and have commissioned an agent to buy for them several thousand head of cattle in the West.

"There has been a large immigration of this people to the United States during the past two years, the number being estimated at 6,000 persons, or 1,200 families. Of these 230 families have settled in Manitoba, 200 in Dakota Territory, 15 in Minnesota, 80 in Nebraska, 315 in Kansas and 60 in other States. The remaining 300 families have arrived recently, and their destination is unknown. The Kansas Mennonites have bought 150,000 acres of land, upon which they will settle in the spring.

"The Mennonite Church was founded in Germany by Menno Simon, who became a fugitive on account of his religious belief, Charles V. setting a price on his head. His doctrines soon gained followers, and about a century ago a large community of Mennonites was formed in Russia of families from Holland and Germany. They settled near the Black Sea, and entered into an agreement with the Russian Government by which the latter exempted them from military duty. About two years ago the compact was annulled, and the Mennonites were given the choice of bearing arms or leaving the country. They chose to emigrate and resolved to come to America, where they could have complete religious freedom and would not be called upon, probably, to serve as soldiers. Their number in Russia is said to have been about 40,000. They are a very industrious and frugal people, and owned much landed property. The immigrants sold their property in Russia for whatever they could get to those who remained. The Mennonites strive to live an every-day, practical Christian life; they are strict in discipline, oppose infant baptism and the taking of oaths, and, like the Friends, are strongly opposed to war. The brotherhood in America have organized a Board of Guardians, which is charged with arranging for transportation across the Atlantic and from New York to the points of destination in the West. These guardians are custodians of a fund contributed by the brethren who have already settled to provide for the ocean passage of those who are without means. Last summer passages were paid for seventy families.

"A meeting of delegates is to be held in March, at Elkhart, Indiana, to make arrangements for the immigration of the present year."

End of Four Great Men.

The four conquerors most conspicuous in the world's history, are Alexander, Hannibal, Cæsar, and Bonaparte. What was their end?

Alexander, after climbing the dizzy heights of his ambition, his temples bound with chaplets dipped in the blood of millions, looked down upon a conquered world and wept that there was no other world for him to conquer, set a city on fire, and died in a scene of drunken revelry and debauch.

Hannibal, after having, to the astonishment and consternation of Rome, passed the Alps, and having put all her armies to flight, stripped "three bushels of gold rings from the fingers of her slaughtered knights," and made her very foundations quake, fled from his own country, hated by those who once exultingly united his name with that of their god, calling him Hani-Baal, and died at last, by poison administered by his own hand, unwept and unhonored in a foreign land.

Cæsar, after conquering eight hundred cities, dyeing his garments in the blood of millions of his foes, and pursuing to death the only rival he ever had on earth, was miserably assassinated by those whom he considered his nearest friends, and in the very place which it had been his greatest ambition to reach.

Bonaparte, whose mandates, kings and popes for a time obeyed, after spreading everywhere the terror of his name, after deluging Europe with blood, and clothing its nations in sackcloth, closed his days in banishment on a lonely island, almost literally exiled from the world.

What comments on the evanescence of human greatness, especially the greatness won by the sword! These men all stood for a time on the very pinnacle of what the world calls greatness, and each in turn made the earth tremble by their tread or their bare word; yet they severally died a miserable death—one by intoxication, or by poison mingled with his wine; another by his own hand, a suicide; a third murdered by his friends, and the last a lonely exile?

WHIRLPOOLS.—The Colorado river is noted for "swirls," so-called. They occur everywhere, but only at high stages of water. A bubble rises from the bottom, and breaks with a slight sound on the surface. The water at the point begins with a rotary motion, so small that an inverted teacup might cover it. Larger and larger grows the circle, till a surface of forty feet in diameter is in motion, spinning round a funnel-shaped hole in the center, two or three feet across at the top, and coming to a point in the depths below. Often a large tree floating down the stream is caught and its foremost end thrust in the air twenty or thirty feet, while the other passes underneath the exposed end to be slowly drawn down again and to disappear. Three soldiers—deserters from Camp Mohave—passing through the ravine in a skiff, immediately below the fork, suffered their craft to run into a swirl. One of their crew, at the first intimation of danger, threw himself overboard beyond the charmed circle; and as he swam away he turned his head and saw the boat spin round and round, until one end being drawn into the vortex and the other upheaved in the air, it slowly sank, as it revolved, into the turbid bosom of the river, its human freight to be seen no more; for the Colorado river does not give up the dead—no corpses lodge on its shores.

OLIVE HARPER is writing foreign letters for the *Graphic*.

THE prettiest girl in Utica has red hair.

HOUSEHOLD.

Economy of Fuel.

To realize the question of economy of fuel, it is necessary to consider, in the first place, what a given quantity of fuel is capable of doing. As regards hot water, if water is kept at a temperature of 200 degrees, or from that to 210 degrees, the gases from the fire can, after communicating the heat to the boiler, pass off into the chimney at a temperature of little beyond that point; but if the water be allowed to boil, in the first place, a large amount of latent heat is absorbed by the steam, which is lost if the steam passes into the air or the chimney, and, in the second place, it will be found that the gases, after they pass from the boiler, will have a temperature of as much as 300, 400, and even 500 degrees. Unless, therefore, water is required to be actually boiling for use, if the water is permitted to boil, a great quantity of heat is wasted up the chimney. For household purposes it is never necessary that the water in the boiler should exceed 200 degrees. Tea, to be good, should be made (as clearly shown by Francis Galton in his "Art of Travel") with water of temperature of from 180 to 200 degrees. Very few culinary operations require the water really to boil, and when boiling water is wanted, it is required in a saucepan standing on the fire. All operations of cleaning, etc., (except washing clothes), require water at a very much lower temperature than 212 degrees. If, however, water of a higher temperature is wanted, it can be supplied up to about 130 degrees, without the generation of steam, by heating it under pressure; this can be attained by having a close boiler fed from a cistern placed at the top of the house. For the preparation of preserves and some other cooking operations, such a system is most convenient.—*The Housekeeper.*

Don't Worry About Yourself.

To retain or recover health, persons should be relieved from anxiety concerning disease. The mind has power over the body. For a person to think he has a disease, will often produce that disease. This we see effected when the mind is intensely concentrated upon the disease of another. It is found in the hospitals that surgeons and physicians who make a specialty of certain diseases are liable to die of them themselves; and the mental power is so great that sometimes people die of diseases which they have only in imagination. We have seen a person seasick in anticipation of a voyage, before reaching the vessel. We have known a person to die of cancer in the stomach, when they had no cancer or any other mortal disease. A blindfolded man slightly pricked in the arm has fainted and died from believing that he was bleeding to death. Therefore, well persons, to remain well, should be cheerful and happy; and sick persons should have their attention directed as much as possible from themselves. It is by their faith that men are saved; and it is by their faith they die. As a man thinketh so he is. If he wills not to die, he can often live in spite of disease; and if he has little or no attachment to life, he will slip away as easily as a child will fall asleep. Men live by their souls and not by their bodies. Their bodies have no life of themselves; they are only receptacles of life, tenements for their souls, and the will has much to do in continuing the physical occupancy or giving it up.

HINTS.—One ounce alcohol; two drachms cayenne pepper; one ounce kerosene oil; let it stand twenty-four hours after mixing. It cures the worst toothache ever known.

Kerosene oil is good for removing rust from cutlery.

Soft-soap should be kept in a dry place in a cellar, and should not be used for three months after it is made.

Lard should be kept hard and white; and that which is taken from a hog over a year old is best.

To select nutmegs prick them with a pin; if they are good, the oil will instantly spread around the puncture.

When a keg of molasses is bought, draw off a few quarts, else the fermentation produced by moving it will burst the cask.

Knives and forks may be fastened in their handles by the following: One pound colophony (obtained of druggists), eight ounces sulphur; melt, and when cool, powder with half a part fine sand or brick dust, fill the handle cavity, heat the stem of the knife or fork and insert.

TO REMOVE MILDEW.—Soak the part of the cloth that is mildewed in two parts of chloride of lime to four parts of water for four hours, or until the mildew has entirely disappeared; then thoroughly rinse it in clean water.

STUFFED CABBAGE.—Take a large fresh cabbage and cut out the heart. Fill the place with stuffings made of cooked chickens or veal, chopped very fine and highly seasoned, rolled into balls with yolk of egg. Then tie the cabbage firmly together and boil in a covered kettle for two hours. It makes a very delicious dish and is often useful for using small pieces of cold meat.

MOTHS IN CARPETS.—Moths will work in carpets in rooms that are kept warm in the winter as well as in the summer. A sure method of removing the pests is to pour strong alum water on the floor to the distance of half a yard around the edges before laying the carpets. Then once or twice during the season sprinkle dry salt over the carpet before sweeping. Insects do not like salt, and sufficient adheres to the carpet to prevent their alighting upon it.

BIRD'S-NEST PUDDING.—Pare and core six rich tart apples. Set them in a pudding-dish, filling the cavity of each with blanched raisins, two blanched almonds, and a teaspoonful of sugar. Then pour over it tapioca, prepared by soaking for three hours, one cup in two cups of boiling water, and two cups stewed apple, sweetened. Bake until the apples are tender, and serve cold.—*Science of Health.*

EVERY good deed is a prop for the future.

What They do in Naples.

Festivals, begging, dining, and doing nothing are the favorite occupations of these people. This is one of the countries where even a beggar rides if possible. They cannot understand how any one should walk from choice. A person on foot, unless he shows too plainly that he is a stranger (all foreign pedestrians get the name "Inglesi"—English), may go his way without much fear of beggars; he soon has the reputation of being a *pittore*, or beggar himself; not an enviable reputation, perhaps, but one which, about Naples, saves the unending torment of being followed and called after by every second man, woman or child you meet, asking for a few *centessimi*. On one of the holidays a dozen or twenty people of all kinds—priests, monks, porters, women—get a sort of cart, a *calesso*, or calesh, and piling in, from the patriarch to the infant in arms, away they go for a picnic.

But, of course, there is some business done in so large a city as Naples; the people do not all ride and walk and look at each other. The shopkeepers know that the foreigners who visit their city are fond of beautiful things, and fill their shops accordingly. There are many jewelry stores, and very beautiful ornaments of coral, most delicately tinted with pink, and of lava from Vesuvius, and of tortoise-shell. The girls who read this sketch would be delighted to go into one of the large manufactories where they make these beautiful articles. And there, too, these things are very cheap, for the coral and tortoise-shell, and lava are obtained close by Naples, and the workmen receive small wages, and the merchants are anxious to get your money. Then there are handsome boxes, fans, etc., made from wood, beautifully carved, and brought from Sorrento, a city near by. Beautiful silk goods are made here; the girls who read *St. Nicholas* all know of the "Gros de Naples." Violins, too, are among the things which these people can make better than almost any others, and we need not wonder how so many little Italian boys about our streets, as ragged as they are little, yet play so easily on this instrument; they come from the land of violins. There is another article in the manufacture of which you would be interested, and that is macaroni. As you ride along the west shore toward Vesuvius, you see building after building in which, and before which, the long white macaroni or vermicelli, is hung up on poles to dry. Inside is the machine which kneads the flour into paste, and the iron cylinder into which the stiff dough is placed, when a big pounder shoves it down tight until the little stems come through the holes in the bottom of the cylinder, and are pulled off every few minutes and hung up to dry. The Italians can eat macaroni almost as fast as they can make it—in fact, during their meal it seems that there is one unbroken string of it passing from their dishes into their mouths.—*St. Nicholas for March.*

Christianity and Science.

In the current discussions of the relations of Christianity to science, there is one fact that seems to have dropped out of notice; yet it is full of meaning, and deserves, for Christianity's sake, to be raised and kept before the public. Who, or what, has raised science to its present commanding position? What influence is it that has trained the investigator, educated the people, and made it possible for the scientific man to exits, and the people to comprehend him? Who built Harvard College? What motives form the very foundation-stones of Yale? To whom, and to what, are the great institutions of learning, scattered all over this country, indebted for their existence? There is hardly one of these that did not have its birth in, and has not had its growth from, Christianity. The founders of all these institutions, more particularly those of greatest influence and largest facilities, were Christian men, who worked simply in the knowledge of their Master. The special scientific schools that have been grafted upon these institutions are children of the same parents, reared and endowed for the same work. Christianity is the undoubted and indisputable mother of the scientific culture of the country. But for her, our colleges would never have been built—our common schools would never have been instituted. Wherever a free Christianity has gone, it has carried with it education and culture.

The public, or a considerable portion of it, seems to forget this, or has come to regard Christianity as opposed to science in its nature and aims. It is almost regarded, by many minds, as the friend of darkness, as the opponent of free inquiry and the enslaver of thought. The very men who have been reared by her in some instances turn against her, disowning their mother and denying the sources of their attainments, and to-day she has herself almost forgotten that it is her hand that has reared all the temples of learning, framed the educational policy of the nation, and with wide sacrifice of treasure, reared the very men who are now defaming her.—*Dr. J. G. Holland in Scribner for March.*

AN INDIGNANT FEMALE.—A woman living on Fourth Street bought a cake of butter at a Michigan avenue grocery yesterday, and after taking it home and discovering that it was not to her taste, returned with it and threw it at the head of the clerk. He dodged, and she picked up the cake and placed it on the stove and walked out. At dark last night one could still smell roasted butter all around the neighborhood.

MAX ADELER says that the superintendent of a certain Sunday-school is an undertaker, and there is some talk of asking him to resign, not only because he makes the children sing "I would not live always," regularly every Sunday, but because on the back of the reward cards given to good children he has printed a gilt coffin with a list of his rates of funerals.

A DETROIT lady compositor has succeeded in catching a husband in the person of a Detroit editor. Detroit feminine compositors appear to have quite a reputation for "setting caps."

FARM AND GARDEN.

Summer Treatment of Grapevines.

A certain natural equilibrium exists between the roots and upper growth of the vine, which cannot be disturbed to any considerable extent, especially during the growing season, without serious injury. To illustrate this, I have planted a young and healthy vine, with smooth and perfect roots, in early spring. When it had made a growth of two or three feet, I have cut it back to a single leaf and bud at its base. After this the plant remains apparently dormant for ten days or longer, when the bud slowly swells and breaks; and if it is a hardy and vigorous variety, is soon making a new growth, but with less than its former strength. When it has again attained a similar growth, I have again shortened it to one bud and leaf above the former cut. A longer period of rest now ensues, followed usually by a weak and spindling growth of a few inches, with scarcely vigor to ripen a bud or two at its base before the autumn frosts have destroyed its foliage. Now, if we take up this vine, we shall find that all the new roots which had formed previous to the successive cuttings of the top, are dead and rotten. Only the old roots, which the vine had when planted, remain, and these rough, knobby and diseased; the vine in no respect as good as when planted in the spring. The vine will bear, without apparent injury, any reasonable amount of pruning during its dormant state, in fall or early spring. But I think the above experiment proves that any severe cutting during summer is an unmitigated evil. All the summer pruning I would recommend would be the early rubbing off of superflous shoots upon their first appearance; leaving only what is required for next year's bearing-wood. This, with the pinching or stopping the ends of such shoots or canes as were disposed to be too rampant in growth, would be all I would ever consider necessary. Some of the most successful grape-growers within my knowledge carefully prune their vines in fall or early spring and then leave them entirely without summer pruning.—*G. W. C., in Horticulturist.*

Mingling the Milk of Different Cows.

At a recent meeting of the dairymen, one of the members gave some interesting details in regard to experiments in mingling the milk and cream of different breeds. He found that the mixed milk from two breeds will not produce as much butter as will the same milk churned separately. The explanation is in the variation in the size of the globules. When a large globuled milk and a small globuled milk are churned together the large globules separate first into butter, and the breaking of the smaller globules appears to be retarded. When, therefore, a Jersey cow is kept in an Ayrshire or Dutch herd for the purpose of influencing the color of the butter the larger globules of the Jersey milk are broken first in the churn, and, while the smaller globules are being broken, the butter which came first is being overchurned, and—theoretically, at least—the quality of the result is impaired, if not the quantity lessened. When a few Ayrshire or Dutch cows are kept in a herd of Jerseys and the milk churned together, both theoretically and practically, a large portion of the butter of the small globuled milk is left in the buttermilk in a state of globules. A like application may be made to herds of native or grade cows. Unless there is uniformity within certain limits in the milk globule there is a loss of product. When uniformity is so seldom found in the external shapes of a grade or native herd, it is not probable that any greater uniformity exists between their functions.—*N. Y. Herald.*

The Cultivation of Potatoes.

J. B. Leslie, in the Maine farmer, has been experimenting with cut seed, and says in reference to this subject: "In the first place, two and a half bushels cut seed are not in proportion to nine bushels of whole potatoes. We calculate one-half as much seed cut as we plant whole, would have given sixty-nine bushels of potatoes from half the seed that produced forty-nine. Planted whole this would have given twenty bushels, which at fifty cents would be ten dollars, four and a half bushels of seed equal to two dollars and fifty cents, and giving twelve dollars and fifty cents in favor of cut seed. I have been experimenting in cutting seed and have harvested this year 350 bushels of nice potatoes from ten bushels of seed, planted on one acre of land. We selected our largest potatoes and cut one or two eyes on a piece, not planting the seed ends. We plant in drills about eight inches apart, taking worn out grass land that would not produce one-half ton of hay to the acre; plow late in the fall and top dress in the spring with green horse manure. In this way we have raised, the last five years, all our potatoes at a cost not exceeding ten cents per bushel, and averaging more than three hundred bushels to the acre. The next we follow with wheat and seed down to grass, top dressing the grass. In this way we renovate our grass lands and do not put potatoes on the same piece but once in ten years."

COULDN'T TELL A LIE.—"Would you please give a boy, who broke his leg the other day, a few peanuts?" inquired a small chap of a Michigan avenue grocer.

"Now boy, you are lying to me," said the grocer looking him in the eyes. "I don't believe you know any boy who has broken his leg. Come now, do you?"

"N-o I don't," replied the lad after some hesitation, "but I know a boy whose sister fell down and jarred her teeth out!"

He got a few peanuts.

SHE WAS ALL RIGHT.—"He died very suddenly," said one female to another at the postoffice window last evening.

"And did he have his life insured?" asked the other.

"Yes—three thousand dollars."

"Oh, well, then it isn't so bad. His wife can have a coral set, some new furs, a silk dress, and just make mourning goods git up and wave!"

GRAMATICALLY speaking a kiss is a conjunction.

The Winter of Storms.

We clip the following from a paper published in Northern Iowa:

The present winter in this portion of the moral vineyard at least has been peculiar. Up to and including the first day of the new year it was mild and pleasant, and all were congratulating themselves on an open winter. In view of the hard times prevailing throughout the land, in the Eastern States especially, where so many hundreds of thousands of laboring people had been thrown out of employment, good orthodox people had begun, indeed, to speak of the unusual mildness as a special interposition of Divine Providence. But all this was suddenly changed, without a day's warning, and for six weeks we have had the most intense continuously cold weather known since the first settlement of the country. The great storm of three weeks ago was hoped to be the turning point of the frigid term, but the one through which we have just passed has greatly exceeded it both in duration and intensity. Tuesday, the 9th of February, was ushered in by a heavy storm of snow. Before morning the wind shifted to the northwest, blowing a perfect gale, while the thermometer sank to thirty degress below zero, drifting the snow in blinding clouds. All day of the 10th, this storm raged, suspending travel on not only the highways and byways but the snow, piled mountain high, offered an insurmountable barrier to railway travel. No trains passed over the road from Tuesday night until Sunday morning, when we were once more in communication with the outside world, perfectly disgusted with our enforced blockade, for further raising of which we are indebted to the energy displayed by the officers and employes of the Illinois Central Company.

On Tuesday again of this week a light fall of snow fell, and by night old Boreas once more rallied his forces for, let us hope, an expiring effort. The train from the north passed down on time Tuesday evening. But the train from the south was reported four hours late. Yesterday morning we failed to get our usual mail again, as last evening's train got stuck in a snow bank two miles this side of Floyd, and at this writing is reported as being still fast, but with a prospect that we will get a mail this Wednesday evening; Later—Thursday morning—the train got through about eight o'clock last evening.

That this "cold snap" has been productive of much suffering to both man and beast admits of no doubt, although the details have scarcely begun to come in. All the small streams and springs have literally ceased to flow, and in consequence not only is stock suffering for want of water, but most of the flouring mills are able to run on but half time, while some of them have been obliged to suspend entirely. The ice on the rivers is now more than three feet thick, and should it suddenly thaw and a freshet come in March, as is usually the case, it must, necessarily, cause incalculable mischief. It will be well for our friends on the river to prepare for this in advance with all possible precautions.

Undaunted.

The ruffian who attacked and nearly killed Mr. Comstock last October, reckoned without his host, if he thought, as he evidently did, that he had disabled him permanently, or checked his enthusiasm for and consecration to his work. The men engaged in the production and sale of pernicious literature borrowed courage from his temporary inability to prosecute it in person; and the temporary character of a merely legal reform was strikingly exemplified by the fact that the business sprang up again, though in greatly diminished measure, as soon as its chief enemy was out of the way. Last Sunday, under Mr. Comstock's direction, and as a result of his skillful plans, a descent was made on a photographic printing establishment in Fulton street. It was so sudden and unexpected that the parties were detected at their work. A hundred and two negative plates, each containing four pictures, and a thousand finished photographs, ready printed and mounted, besides a great number in an unfinished state, were seized. The negatives included all the originals of the obscene pictures which have been known to be circulated within the past few months. It was a horrible feature of this horrible business, that side by side with these pictures were plates representing the Crucifixion. So the devil uses even the most sacred scenes as a cover for his most villainous transactions. The parties are in prison awaiting trial.

We congratulate Mr. Comstock on his success, and the country on this evidence that he is none the less vigorous and effective in his work for the blow inflicted on him. Long may he live to continue it.—*Illustrated Christian Weekly.*

WHY HE WORE A WIG.—In giving reminiscences of Col. Levi Boutwell, a noted man in his day, a Montpelier, Vermont, writer tells the following story:

"The Colonel was uncommonly bald, and, without his heavy dark wig, looked not a bit like himself. Once he was in the wash room of the pavilion, and, for the convenience of his ablutions, had laid his wig aside. Presently a young chap, with extremely red hair, came in. Noticing the Colonel's nude head, he inquired:

"'Well, Colonel, why don't you have some hair on your head?'

"It was an impudent question, and the Colonel knew it. Looking savagely on the red head of the saucy young stranger, he replied:

"'When they made me and had me all finished except my hair, they told me they had nothing left except red hair. I told them then, egad! I wouldn't have any. I would rather go without. They might save that for impudent young fools.'

"The joker was perfectly willing to drop the subject."

ONLY a woman's hair! Who has not some time in his life picked such a golden thread from his best coat collar, and felt his heart beat quicker for it? Or gazed upon a tress laid away in some nook, and not felt the influence of tender memories? Only a woman's hair! And yet we do not like it in biscuit.—*Auburn Clipper.*

NEWS SUMMARY.

HEAVY snow-storms are reported as far South as Wheeling, Western Virginia.

D. C. GILMAN is appointed by the President one of the West Point Examiners for 1875.

A CONVENTION between Spain and the United States for the settlement of the *Virginius* affair, is signed.

A. C. F. SMITH, widow of the late Gerritt Smith, died at Peterboro, N. Y., on Saturday, aged 71.

A WASHINGTON dispatch says the President will at once issue stringent orders to prevent new expeditions entering the Black Hills.

MRS. EVANS, of Seymour, Conn., on Monday cut the throats of her two children, aged three and six years, and then cut her own.

A WISCONSIN dispatch says a Black Hills expedition is fitting out in that State, expecting to start in early Spring.

THE application for the establishment of a military post at San Diego has been referred to General Schofield.

THE House of Lords will adjourn for Easter on March 19th until April 9th, and the House of Commons on March 25th until April 5th.

POST OFFICE circular instructions show that the recent legislation has fixed postage on transient newspapers at one cent per ounce.

THE President signed the commissions of Orth as Minister to Austria, and Maynard Minister to Turkey.

COMPLETE statistics of pork packing at Chicago the past season show a total of 1,600,-943 hogs packed—an increase of 170,324 over last year.

THE most disastrous fire that ever occurred in Montpelier, Vt., broke out a few days ago. It is impossible now to give the amount of loss.

SECRETARY BRISTOW has directed the retirement of $1,135,000 of legal tenders, being 80 per cent. of the National Bank circulation issued under the new Currency Bill.

THE Australian colonies are to be represented at our Centennial and a bill to provide for expenses will be introduced in Parliament, which meets March 23d.

THE State Grange of Ohio has elected S. H. Ellis, of Warren county, Worthy Master; J. H. Ogden, of Champaign county, Overseer; and W. W. Miller, of Erie county, Secretary.

A DEFALCATION of about $20,000, divided between the ticket and freight offices of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, at Zanesville, Ohio, has been discovered.

A "RAPID TRANSIT ASSOCIATION" was organized in New York on Monday, composed of prominent citizens, to secure cheap and rapid communication with the adjoining villages.

A ST. JOHNS, N. F., dispatch says the bodies of over forty persons who died there this winter, have been temporarily interred in the snow, which lies in such quantities as to prevent the opening of graves.

A SPECIAL Washington dispatch reports the freshest rumor is that Attorney-General Williams is to be nominated Minister to Russia, and ex-Senator Carpenter to be appointed Attorney-General.

IT is stated that the quarrel between the Baltimore and Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad Companies is in a way of settlement, and that a compromise will be probably agreed upon within a day or two.

ORDERS have been issued by the Secretary of the Treasury for the transfer of $1,000,000, in small silver coin, under the provisions of the Act of January, 1875, from the Assay Office in New York to the Sub-Treasury in that city.

THE proprietor of a minstrel show was arrested in Montgomery, Ala., and held at ball to appear before the United States Commissioner for violation of civil rights in refusing to sell four negroes seats to the parquette.

IN accordance with the law authorizing the collection of portraits of the Secretaries of War, a fine portrait of Jefferson Davis, recently painted from life, has just been added to the gallery of the War Department.

THE President nominated Godlove S. Orth as Minister to Austria, Horace Maynard as Minister to Turkey, ex-Member of Congress C. C. Sheebs, of Alabama, as Sixth Auditor of the Treasury, vice J. J. Martin, appointed Postmaster of Montgomery, Alabama.

IT is rumored that arrangements have been, or now are being, projected which will result in the virtual consolidation of the Union Pacific and Northwestern railroads, and that the design is to establish communication with New York.

A NASHVILLE (Tenn.) special says that the State Senate has adopted a resolution to appoint a committee to fully investigate charges that Senator Andrew Johnson bought the votes of nine members of the Legislature from Shelby County.

THE Governor of Arkansas has issued a proclamation appointing Thursday, March 26th, to be a day of Thanksgiving for the many blessings which have been showered upon the State during the past twelve months.

The Treasury Department instructs collectors of Customs that under the new law and Tariff Bill they must collect 25 per cent. additional duty on molasses, and that a new stamp of 6¢ per 1,000 is required on all imported cigars.

REPRESENTATIVE WHEELER has "received from New Orleans his articles of adjustment, signed by 44 members of the Conservative Caucus—an ample number to secure the desired result. The referees will meet on Thursday in New York and proceed with the hearing.

AN award, amounting to $18,300, has been made by the Mexican Claims Commission to John F. Mitchell, of Humboldt Wells, Nevada, whose wine and liquor store in Guaymas, Mexico, was plundered and destroyed by French soldiers under Maximilian.

JOHN A. GRIFFIN, colored, was hanged near Bel Air, Maine, for the murder of Miss Susan Taylor in Hartford County, October, 1874. He made a full confession, and said he killed her because she was the cause of his being whipped.

THE New York *Sun* says Bessie Turner's publicity recently has resulted in the discovery of, and restoration to, her father, Bartlett McDermott, of Lee, Massachusetts, who put her in an orphan asylum in Brooklyn when she was little, because he was not able to take care of her after the death of her mother.

THE representatives of the Occidental and Orient Steamship Companies received advices from Captain Bradbury, their agent in England, that the steamer Oceanica has been loaded and would proceed on her passage to Hongkong, via Suez Canal. Captain Bradbury stated that he would go to Hongkong.

THE Grand Trunk Railway buildings at Point St. Charles, Canada, comprising a large frame structure, 400x100 feet, four car repair sheds, and a brick building adjoining, the upper part of which was occupied as a general office, were burned a few days ago. The loss is estimated at $100,000; insured for $60,000, mostly in American companies.

THERE are 234 regular delegates and visiting members enough to make an aggregate of between five and six hundred in attendance at the session of the Ohio State Grange, at Columbus. The report of the Secretary shows that there are 1,146 Granges in the State, with 65,000 members, more than double the number of the previous year.

OFFICIAL reports from all the railroads in Minnesota show only 2,340,000 bushels of wheat in store along their lines, against over 5,000,000 last year. Well posted grain dealers estimate the entire wheat crop of last year at 21,000,000 bushels, and as over 17,000,000 have been already shipped, there remains but little over 3,000,000 bushels in the hands of farmers.

THE Secretary of the Treasury has decided to suspend the coinage of 25 cent pieces on the Pacific Slope, and coin instead 20 cent pieces. Twenty-five cent pieces will, however, continue to be coined on the Pacific Coast in sufficient quantities to supply the State of Texas and the trade extending northward through New Mexico and Arizona.

A WASHINGTON special says enough is already known by the House Louisiana Committee of the character of the election returns for members of the Louisiana Legislature to make it certain that their revision of these returns will not give a Conservative majority on joint ballot, so in case Pinchback is not admitted to the Senate, any election held after the Wheeler compromise is carried into effect will be in the control of the Republicans.

AT Effingham, Ill., on Wednesday, John Gammon, member of the firm of S. W. Little & Co., millers of that place, and highly esteemed, was arrested by the Sheriff of Schuyler County, Ill., on the charge of having murdered a man in Rushville, in that county, fourteen years ago, and afterward breaking jail and getting away, since when no trace could be found of him until recently. The Sheriff took Gammon in irons back to Rushville.

CHARLES L. LAWRENCE, one of the alleged principals of the lately dispersed gang of silk smugglers of New York has been arrested in Queenstown, Ireland. Lawrence, Lafayette Grabb, his partner, Gustave Ball and Canrobert de Sanges, Deputy Collector of the Port, are jointly indicted in the United States Court for smuggling by evading the payment of duties on imported silks and entering them, through the connivance of Custom officials, as hosiery.

IN the Senate Standing Committees the following changes are made in the Chairmanships: Conkling, Chairman of Committee on Commerce, in place of Chandler; Hamlin, Post Offices and Roads, in place of Ramsay; Oglesby, Public Lands, in place of Sprague; Ingalls, Pensions, in place of Boreman; West, Railroads, in place of Stewart; Sargent, Mines and Mining, in place of Hamlin; Boutwell, Revision of Laws, in place of Conkling; Patterson, Education and Labor, in place of Flanigan; Clayton, Civil Service Retrenchment, in place of Wright. Two committees are given to the Democrats—Thurman being Chairman of that on Private Land Claims, Stevenson, of that on Revolutionary Claims.

THE Departments have issued circulars announcing the abolition of the Civil Service Reform rules governing their respective departments wherever operative, and announcing the return to the former method of appointment of employes as provided for by section 164 of the Revised Statutes, enacted June 22d, 1873, which is that no clerk shall be appointed to any department in either of the four classes unless he has been examined and found qualified by a board of three examiners, to consist of the Chief of the Bureau or office into which such clerk is to be appointed, and two other clerks, to be selected by the head of the department. All sub-Boards of Civil Service Reform throughout the country are abolished by these orders.

THE Pacific Coast Senators will be placed on committees as follows: Sargent remains on the Appropriations and Naval Affairs, is promoted to the Chairmanship of the Mines and Mining, and becomes a member of the Railroad Committee. Booth is given a place on the Public Lands, Pensions, and Manufactures Committees. Jones remains on the Postoffice Committee, and becomes Chairman of the Contingent Expenses, and is given a place on the Finance Committee. Sharon is assigned to the Mines and Mining and Territories Committees. Mitchell remains on the Privileges and Elections, Claims and Transportation Committees, and is also placed on the Railroad Committee. Kelly, like all other Democrats, is yet to be assigned a place by the minority, but will doubtless remain on the Public Lands, Military Affairs and Enrolled Bills Committee, and perhaps have an additional position.

Foreign News.

THE Emperor of Austria will visit King Victor Emmanuel in Venice next month.

THE Austrian Reichsrath has rejected the special appropriation of $75,000 for the representation of Austria at our Centennial.

THE report that Gortschakoff had requested the recall of William Schuyler, United States Charge d'Affaires at St. Petersburg is untrue.

COLONEL SANDFORD has been appointed as representative of Great Britain at the Centennial Exhibition in Philadelphia, 1876.

ADVICES received from the transit of Venus parties who went to Kerguelen Land state that the observations there were very satisfactory.

FOUR hundred millions of persons have been carried by the London Metropolitan Railway Company without the slightest accident.

ARCHBISHOP LEDOCHOWSKI, who was expelled from the See of Posen by the Prussian Government, is to be created Cardinal at the approaching Papal Consistory.

A NEW YORK *Herald* correspondent in Spain says it is rumored that there is great difficulty in preventing King Alfonso from abdicating the Spanish crown in favor of Duke de Montpensier.

THE British Government is, it is said, about to construct a large dock at Gibraltar. This has long been needed, there being as many as 3,000 large steamers entering the bay every year.

A BERLIN dispatch says that Germany has asked Italy whether she will continue to exempt the Pope from the obligations of law, and complains that he is now abusing the liberty given, for the purpose of fomenting a rebellion in Germany.

THE treaty with Belgium has been ratified by the Senate. One article provides that the counterfeiting in one of the two countries of the trade marks affixed in the other on merchandise, to show its original quality, shall be strictly prohibited, and shall give ground for an action of damage in favor of the injured party.

A BERLIN correspondent of the London *Daily News* reports that the German Government is irritated at the conduct of Spain in the Gustav affair, and at the clerical leanings of King Alfonso's ministry. He adds: "This feeling will find expression when the new Spanish Ambassador presents his credentials to Emperor William."

SAN FRANCISCO MARKET.

Accounts from all parts of the coast agree as to the prospect of the coming harvest being the largest the State has ever known; the weather having been uniformly favorable during the entire past season, and so continuing up to the present date. Business of all kinds has been quite fair; better perhaps than usual at this season of the year. Grain is steadily moving seaward from the interior, and at the present writing there is a fair prospect of disposing of the surplus on hand before the incoming of the new crop, and that at better prices than have been ruling for the past two months. Purchases are now being made mostly on ship's account, present rates of freight to the United Kingdom being lower than any previous year—the *Sovereign of the Seas* taking wheat to Liverpool at £2 2s 6d. Wheat has advanced in price under the impression that the stock on hand has been overestimated, and large transactions are reported as having taken place at the higher figures quoted elsewhere. Flour has also felt the advance and better figures are obtained for all grades. Barley is less inquired for, the demand for shipment overland by rail having nearly ceased. Receipts are light, however, and prices hardening. Oats maintain former rates. Corn is in fair demand at unchanged figures. Buckwheat is quiet. Rye is in light demand at nominal prices. Potatoes arrive freely from Humboldt and move off readily at our quotations; receipts of new are increasing daily, selling at good prices. Onions are plenty and cheap. The stock of hops is nearly exhausted and prices rule high. Wool is more enquired for, though there is no improvement to note in prices, which are down to the lowest point apparently.

WHEAT.—During the past week prices have been steadily advancing, and the range of prices may safely be stated at $1 55@1 65 for choice, for export, and holders are slow to accept even these prices at the close. Millers are offering as high as $1 67½ for extra choice lots for milling. Sales for the week are recorded as follows: 150,000 sks for export, private; 25,000 sks extra choice, $1 65; 12,500 sks do, $1 62½; 10,000 sks for export, $1 60; 5,500 sks do, $1 55; 3,500 sks, $1 52½; 5,500 sks, $1 45@1 50 ₱ ctl; 12,000 sks choice milling, $1 63¾. The latest Liverpool quotations are: 8s 11d @9s 3d for average, and 9s 9d@9s 11d for club.

FLOUR.—There is a fair demand, all the mills around the Bay being actively engaged and running full time, partly on orders for export and partly for home consumption. Prices have been advanced for the finest grades —country brands of Superfine are unchanged, but firm—with prospect of an immediate advance. The following are fair quotations for the different qualities in lots: Superfine country brands, $3 75@4 00; city mills, standard, $4 00 @4 25; extra superfine, $4 25@$4 50; silk dressed $5 12½@$5 37½.

BARLEY.—Receipts are light, and rather a firm tone to the market. The following sales made during the week under review will give the reader the best idea of the present state of the market: 2,500 sks feed, $1 35@$1 37½; 2,500 sks bright feed, $1 40@$1 45; 3,500 sks brewing, in lots, $1 45@$1 55, closing firm at the latter price.

OATS.—Prices remain nearly stationary. Receipts are quite free—demand moderate. We note sales of 5000 sks light, fair to good, in lots, within the range of $1 50@$1 75; 1000 sks good to choice, in lots, $1 60@$1 75.

RYE.—Is in fair demand; receipts are light. There is but little change to note in price, the present range being $1 20@1 25 per 100 lbs.

CORN.—Receipts have been moderate, with sales, in lots, of 500 sks Yellow at $1 40@$1 45. White being very scarce is held higher.

BRAN and MIDDLINGS.—The mill prices are $14 00 for bran, and $20@22 00 ₱ ton for middlings, which is a reduction from previous prices.

HAY.—Is in good supply, with a lessening demand and a tendency to lower prices. The cargo price on the wharf ranges from $8 00 to $16 00 ₱ ton, according to quality.

STRAW.—Is quoted at 60@75c per bale.

BEANS.—White are scarce and in good demand at good prices; colored are neglected. We quote the range of wholesale prices for round lots as follows: Bayos, 2¼@2¾c; Pink, 1¾@1¾; Red, 1¾@2; new White Pea, 3½@ 3¾c; White Butter at 4¼@5c. ₱ 100 lbs.

HOPS.—There is no movement to speak of. Stocks are very light, and prices are firm, holders waiting for higher prices; 35@37½c may be quoted as the range.

HONEY.—Present receipts are small. Owing to a large export trade at low prices early in the season, stocks are much reduced and prices remain steady and firm at 18@22½c for White Comb; dark do. 12½@15c; Strained remains steady at 6@9c, according to quality.

BEESWAX.—Stock on hand is limited—receipts light, with little inquiry—quotable at 25@27½c ₱ lb.

POTATOES.—Receipts have been quite liberal during the week, but prices are without change, although the demand continues active. We quote choice Humboldts at $1 80 @1 90. All other choice varieties bring $1 75 @1 80 on the wharf.

ONIONS.—The demand is fair, but owing to free receipts and the large quantity of inferior quality on hand prices have a wide range, say 75c@$1 37½, the latter for choice Silverskins.

WOOL.—There is more inquiry, but at low prices; in truth, the market may be said to be weak when we consider that we have a stock of Fall clip estimated at upward of 3,000,000 lbs, and very little, if any, that can be called free or choice. Eastern advices are a little more favorable, and shippers here have for a few days past been giving the stock on hand some examination, with a view to making purchases at such time as the trade in Boston and New York will warrant it. A few sample parcels of Spring clip have reached market, and so far as examined the staple is very healthy. The length of both six and twelve-month fleece is better, if anything, than the clip of last spring, and it is expected that the general condition will be superior in every respect. We quote: Burry, 12½c; heavy free, 12½@15c. Best grades for shipping held at 15@17c. Sales of 100,000 lbs good free, 15½c; 5,000 lbs good burry, 13½c; 20,000 burry and earthy, 10@11c; 85,000 lbs, in lots, 10@14c; 15,000 lbs good, 15c.

COTTON.—There is but little movement, and prices are merely nominal, say 12½@15c. Stock on hand held for higher figures.

HIDES.—Dry are wanted; 19@20½c cash is paid for usual selections; 8½@9c ₱ lb for wet-salted.

TALLOW.—Stock on hand is said to be upwards of 2,000,000 lbs. The demand continues light and prices low. Refined, of good quality, commands 7@7¼c, while large quantities of fair grade will bring only 6½@7c.

SEEDS.—There is an active demand for many varieties, the oil-mill taking all the clean Flax offered at our quotations. We quote: Alfalfa, 15@17c; Canary, scarce, 9@10c; Flax, 3@3¼c; California Mustard dull, 1¾@3c.; Timothy, 7c ₱ lb.

CATTLE.—Our markets are well supplied with all the varieties of meats. The following are the wholesale rates: Beef, 4@9c, according to quality; Calves scarce at 8@10c; Mutton, 4½@5c, plentiful; Hogs on foot, 6¾@7¼; Hogs, dressed, 9@9¾; the latter price for choice small ones.

POULTRY.—The market demand is good, receipts are light, and higher prices rule. We give the range as follows: Hens and Roosters, $7 50@$8 50 ₱ doz; Broilers, $7@$8 ₱ doz; Geese, tame, $2 50@$3 ₱ pair; Ducks, do., $10 @$12 ₱ doz.; Turkeys, live, 18@20c ₱ lb; do, dressed, 20@22c. pr. lb.

DAIRY PRODUCTS.—Receipts of all kinds have been large and prices have fallen off daily. We quote the present range as follows: Fresh California Roll Butter 25@30 as extremes, the latter for Point Reyes. There are daily arrivals of Western States Butter, which is dull of sale at 20@25c. New California Cheese brings 15@17c; New York State, 18@ 20c. Fresh Eggs are in large supply at 23@25c ₱ dozen.

DRIED FRUIT.—Apples, 5@6½c; Pears, 8@ 10c; Plums, 5@6c; Pitted, do., 14@16c; Prunes, 12½c; Apricots, 14 @ 15c; Peaches, 9 @ 10c, in sks, and 9½@10½c. in bxs; Blackberries. 15@16c: Black Figs, 6@8c; California Raisins, 10@15c. Following is the price-list of the Alden Fruits and Vegetables; Apples, 16@18c; Pears, 22½@45c; Peaches, 15c; pared, do, 30c; Apricots 32c; Pitted Plums, 30@35c; Prunes, 20@22½c; Cherries, 55@75c; Currants, 30@ 32½c; Rhubarb 40c; Sweet corn, 30@32½c; Green Peas, 45@47½c; Onions, 40c; Potatoes, 14c; Squash and Pumpkin, 20c; Beef, 50c ₱ lb.

The national GOLD MEDAL was awarded to Bradley & Rulofson, San Francisco, for the best Photographs in the United States.

CÆSAR covered his bald head and gray hair with a laurel crown. AYER'S HAIR VIGOR covers gray heads with the still more welcome locks of youth.

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The New York Photograph Gallery,

No. 25 Third street, San Francisco, is again open, with larger lights, more room, and all the latest improvements in instruments. All work is warranted to give perfect satisfaction. Cabinet Rembrandts, only $4 per dozen; Card Rembrandts, $2 to $3 per doz. J. H. PETERS successor to B. F. Howland & Co.

THE AMERICAN JOURNAL OF EDUCATION will show the people who pay the taxes, not only what our teachers and school officers are doing, but the necessity for their work as well; hence the teachers and school officers should see to it that copies are taken and circulated in every school district in the United States.

Please to remember that the "American Journal of Education" contains a third more reading matter than any other journal of education published in the country. Enclose 15 cents for specimen copies to J. B. MERWIN, Editor and Proprietor, St. Louis, Mo.

New England Mutual Life Insurance Company.

Review of their Annual Statement.

The thirty-first report of the directors of the New England Mutual Life Insurance Company was made to its members at the annual meeting, January 25, 1875, and it is such an one as should come from the richest and most prosperous life insurance company in New England, as it is also the senior company of Massachusetts.

As the New England Mutual was established upon strict principles of conservatism with respect to all its financial operations, so it has also been liberal and indulgent to all its policyholders, and between the two come the confidence and the popularity which have been awarded to it.

In the present report we learn that the total receipts for premiums and interest in 1874 were $3,267,536 61. The death claims were $831,457 85 on 239 lives insured under 265 policies. Endowments matured and paid, 71,200. The result of the business of the year is an increase of the funds of $1,474,189, after allowing for claims not due $102,200.

The market value of the securities of the company is $219,771 56 more than the cost upon the company's books, but the directors say this item is not used in the computation for surplus, and is valuable only as showing that the standard of the company's investments has been rigidly adhered to. The amount of premium returned in 1874 was $506,835 33, an increase of $86,214 19 over the amount returned in the preceding year.

The amount insured during the year was $4,634,061 05 on 1,956 policies, against $4,778,-042 on 2,056 policies in 1873, exhibiting a much less falling off in amount and numbers than was to be expected from the general prostration which has affected every kind of business since the panic of two years ago. The total funds of the company have reached the amount of $13,358,847 13, which, after providing for the balance of unpaid distribution account, $142,230 15, and claims not yet due, of $102,200, will be reduced to $13,114,416 98, a sum not only amply sufficient to provide for the valuation of the company's liabilities upon policies, but showing a surplus to be distributed among the members.

Notwithstanding a slight diminution in the receipts for the year (amounting to less than $25,000 in an aggregate sum of more than three millions of dollars, and the fact of an increase over 1873 in the amount of death claims paid of $55,069 85), the general business of the company may be considered to be in a flourishing condition.

The surplus for the year is very favorable, being very nearly the same as last year, except that less gain has been realized through the vitality of members or smallness of claims, for loss during the year, compared to what was expected by the table of mortality. The total amount to be distributed to members the present year is $575,000.

In regard to the "cost of insurance," the report draws a parallel between the expense of insurance in mutual and stock companies, with illustrative tables, showing that the premium charge of the New England Mutual is in the end more favorable than that of stock companies.

The report makes some reference to the company's new building on Milk street, which will be ready for occupancy in the coming Summer, and concludes with a brief reference to the company's operations during its thirty-one years, during which 52,000 persons have been insured to the amount of $143,000,000. Death claims and endowments of more than $9,000,000 have been paid, and the members have had returned to them more than $6,000,-000 in surplus—a record of the past which is a certain guarantee of future prosperity.

Wallace Everson is the general agent for California and the Pacific Coast. The office of the company is at 302 Sansome street, San Francisco.—*S. F. Chronicle.*

Centinela Colony.

The Centinela Rancho, situated on the coast, in a westerly direction from Los Angeles and about three miles distant from the limits of that beautiful city, contains 25,000 acres of good, arable valley land, a large portion of which is choice bottom and well adapted to the cultivation of semi-tropical fruits. Near the highest elevation is a cluster of large springs, from which flows a stream of crystal water several feet wide and six or eight inches deep, which may be conducted to almost any portion of the rancho. On the adjoining ranches are strong flowing wells, and it is the opinion of Governor Downey, Mr. Garey and others, that artesian water can be readily secured on a large portion of the land purchased. The surveyor is laying out a town in a central position and about three miles from a well sheltered bay. The Los Angeles and Pacific Railroad Company has been incorporated to build a railroad from the landing, where a wharf will be built, running through Centinela to Los Angeles.

There are orange, lemon and lime trees now loaded with fruit, 6,000 orange trees growing in the orchard, 7,000 three-year-old orange trees growing in the nursery, 1,500 Languedoc almond trees just commencing to bear, several hundred other fruit trees, and $50,000 worth of sheep and other personal property.

The soil is first rate, water good, landing convenient, market good, and the land dog cheap. Centinela will sell well under the hammer. Here is a chance for those who are looking for homes. Over two hundred shares have already been subscribed for, and I presume all the stock will soon be taken. Persons anxious to join the colony should lose no time in making a personal examination of this property.

These lands will be disposed of by the auctioneer, as at Lompoc, to the highest bidder, whether a member of the Association or not. The purchaser of homesteads will pay ten per cent. of the purchase money on the day of sale, and ten per cent. semi-annually thereafter, with interest at ten per cent. per annum until the whole purchase price has been paid.

Persons desiring homes on this beautiful rancho should secure stock equal to the value of the land desired, so that if high prices are obtained, as at Lompoc, the dividends on their stock can be applied to their final payments on their homesteads, and reduce the cost to or below the original purchase price by the company.

O. L. ABBOTT,
Santa Barbara.

Parties desiring to visit the land should take steamer from San Francisco to Los Angeles (fare, $12); or take the Southern Pacific Railroad at San Francisco at 8:10 A. M. via Soledad, or the 4 P. M. train via Bakersfield, to Los Angeles.

Apply to WM. H. MARTIN,
General Agent California Immigrant Union, 534 California street, San Francisco; to TEMPLE & WORKMAN, bankers, or GEN. SHIELDS, Los Angeles, or office of the Centinela Land Company, No. 8 Temple Block.

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HILL'S TIN WIRE RINGS. Will not Rust or make the Hog's Nose Sore. Hardware Dealers sell them. Ringer, $1.00; Tin Rings, per 1,000 ; Copper Rings, 50c.; Tongs, $1.25; by mail, postpaid. Circulars free. H. W. Hill & Co. Decatur, Ill.

The Manufacture of Canned Goods in San Francisco.

The Factory of Cutting & Co.

We give in this number of the *Journal of Commerce* an illustration of one of the largest local manufacturing establishments on this Coast, and also one of the oldest. The name of Cutting & Co. is as well known on the Pacific Coast as is that of Crosse & Blackwell in England, and it is as fully deserving of honor as its older prototype.

The Factory and Store Rooms,

which are probably the finest buildings in that quarter of the city, are located on Main street between Market and Mission, occupying the whole of a two 50 vara lot. The whole has a frontage of 182 feet on Main street, by one of 45 feet 10 inches on Spear street, and extends 275 feet between the streets. The factory building is a frame one, two stories in height with a basement, while the storehouse is of brick and is made so as to resist the severest earthquake. The whole framework consists of immense beams and joists firmly bolted together and to the roof, so that the walls might fall while the floors, roof, etc., would remain standing and uninjured with their contents. The factory is 100 feet square. The basement is used for storage. The ground floor is used for general manufacturing purposes, while the second floor is appropriated to the manufacture of Cans and the storage of Tinners' stock.

The Process of Manufacture

Is very simple. We do not, however, propose entering into details, but will simply content ourselves with saying that the fruit having been received on the main floor of the factory, is first carefully weighed and has its quality carefully examined, is then passed to different gangs of laborers who prepare it by peeling, coring and stoning, is packed in cans and covered with Syrup of Sugar, sealed and passed through a bath. It is then placed on trucks, which, by a steam elevator, are carried to the second story, where they are lacquered, labelled and cased. The fruits used are all of the best quality—of the kind found on the best private tables. None but the purest white Sugar is used. In the Summer season there are not less than

Four Hundred Hands Employed,

Of which forty are occupied in making Tin Cans, the balance in preparing and packing the fruit. The factory is divided into eight departments, in seven of which none but white labor is employed. The firm is gradually trying to work out the Chinese element, and is doing so as fast as circumstances will admit. They would now employ none but white labor, but it is difficult to get so many men and boys as they need for three or four months only. The power used is supplied by an engine of 60 to 70-horse power, with two fifteen foot boilers. All the cooking is done in iron vats heated by steam coils. Jellies and preserves are made in copper kettles in the same manner. The extent of their trade is immense, last year they put up fully

Two Million Cans

Of Table Fruits, Jams, Jellies, etc., which are worth on a moderate estimate half a million dollars. This includes Canned Meats which are also put up by the firm. Of Meat, there is a good deal being put up for export to England, but the competition from Australia and South America is now very close, and there will be considerable difficulties to encounter in this department. For

Salmon Packing

This firm has a large establishment on the Columbia River, where they put up 35,000 cases a year. Most of this is shipped to England, Australia and South America, where, on account of its splendid quality, it finds a ready market. In fruits and vegetables they have done an unusually

Large Export Trade

For the past season. They have gone chiefly to the Western and Middle States. Here their splendid quality has obtained for them universal favor. Old Gold and Greenbacks more nearly approximate in value, this branch of the trade would become a most important one. As it is now the goods cost the house a certain amount in Gold, no matter what premium currency has East. Should the latter be low, they can be sold at a profit, otherwise those who purchase from this coast have to advance their prices as the premium on currency advances. Having reached a certain point they can sell no more, and must either cease buying or sell at a loss. At the present time the premium leaves no profit, and the consequence is a decline in the demand for goods from California. In Montana and Idaho they enjoy a very large trade heretofore almost exclusively monopolized by the merchants of St. Louis. Their goods are found on the tables of every hotel on the borders of the Pacific, and on every ship that leaves the port of San Francisco. Besides selling their own goods they also sell J. Winslow's Corn and Lobsters, for which they find a large and ready sale on this coast. The firm have been identified with the progress of the coast for over the past twenty years, having began business with twelve men,

As far back as 1853,

When there were few industries of any kind carried on in San Francisco. At that time the prospects of success were by no means encouraging, but energy and perseverance, when properly directed, can work wonders, and it did so in this case. Starting in on Commercial street below Davis—on the wharf, they struggled ahead till they saw light breaking, and finally in 1865 were enabled to erect the present splendid factory. They have the credit of having pioneered one of the most important industries of the coast, and thus saving to the people hundreds of thousands of dollars in the preservation and utilization of fruits and vegetables that would have otherwise been lost for want of a purchaser. The firm ship their goods to all parts of America —we may say to all parts of the earth—and not satisfied with past victories keep on increasing their productions, their capital, and the number of workmen that they employ. The general manager, Mr. Sidney M. Smith, is a courteous and obliging gentleman and an active, energetic business man. And in concluding this hasty sketch of the great house, whose honors he so well bears, we may express the wish that there were many more like it.—*Journal of Commerce.*

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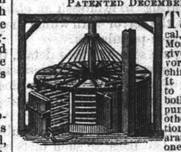
Plummer's California Fruit Drier. PATENTED DECEMBER 29TH, 1874.  THIS IS THE CHEAPEST and Most Economical, Largest Capacity, and Most Speedy DRIER, and gives the fruit a better flavor than any other machine ever invented. 1st—It only requires a shed to work under. 2d—has boiler, engine, and steam-pump for irrigating or other purposes, in connection with the Drier or separately; 3d—the cost is one-half less than any other of the same capacity, and there is no danger of burning the fruit. A sample machine is in full operation at our factory, No. 21 BEALE ST. Address SPAULDING & BRO., San Francisco, Cal. Send for Circulars.

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